

Health and Safety Policy



Prepared by

Citation Ltd

07/10/2020

Table of Contents

Item	Title	Page Number
1	Amendment Record	5
2	HSG65 Plan Do Check Act	6
3	Introduction	9
4	Health and Safety Policy Statement	10
5	Environmental Statement	11
6	Safety Management Structure	12
7	Health and Safety Responsibilities	13
8	Health and Safety Responsibilities Tier 2	15
9	Health and Safety Responsibilities Tier 3	16
10	Fire Responsibilities	18
11	General Responsibilities	20
12	Access and Egress	22
13	Accident Reporting	25
14	Accident and Incident Reporting Flowchart	28
15	Alcohol and Drugs Misuse	29
16	Blood Borne Viruses (BBV)	31
17	Cleaning and Disinfection	33
18	Contractors	35
19	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH)	37
20	Dermatitis	40
21	Diabetes	43
22	Disciplinary Rules	46
23	Display Screen Equipment (DSE)	46
24	Doors	49
25	Driving At Work	51
26	Electricity	55
27	Emergency Plan	58
28	Epilepsy	60
29	Fire	62
30	Fire Action	64
31	First Aid In The Workplace	65
32	Glass and Glazing	66
33	Hand Protection - Latex Gloves	68
34	Hazard Reporting	70
35	Health Surveillance	72

36	Housekeeping	76
37	Information, Instruction, Supervision and Training	76
38	Lighting	79
39	Lone Working	81
40	Maintenance	83
41	Manual Handling	85
42	Method Statements	88
43	Mobile Telephones	89
44	Monitoring, Inspection And Review	90
45	New And Expectant Mothers	92
46	Noise	93
47	Occupational Asthma	95
48	Personal Safety - Staying Safe In Your Car	97
49	Portable Electrical Appliances	100
50	Risk Assessment	102
51	Safe Systems of Work	106
52	Safety Signs	107
53	Smoking In The Workplace	109
54	Social Distancing	112
55	Stress	115
56	Violence And Aggression	117
57	Visit By An Enforcement Officer	119
58	Waste Disposal	121
59	Welfare	123
60	Woodworking Equipment	125
61	Work At Height	128
62	Work Equipment	130
63	Workplace Transport - Short Version	133
64	Young Persons	136

Amendment Record

Version	Date	Author	Version Comment
1.0	13/11/2019	Adam Nolson	Document Published
2.0	21/05/2020	Adam Nolson	Social distancing arrangement added to the Health and Safety policy document.
3.0	24/07/2020	Adam Nolson	Update of Electricity arrangement to reference IET in line with 18th Edition Regulation on equipment installation standards.
4.0	27/08/2020	Adam Nolson	Social Distancing arrangement update alongside government guidance on self isolation periods (7 days to 10 days)
5.0	25/09/2020	Adam Nolson	Health and Safety Policy Review
6.0	07/10/2020	Adam Nolson	Update to isolation times, advising to follow current government guidance.

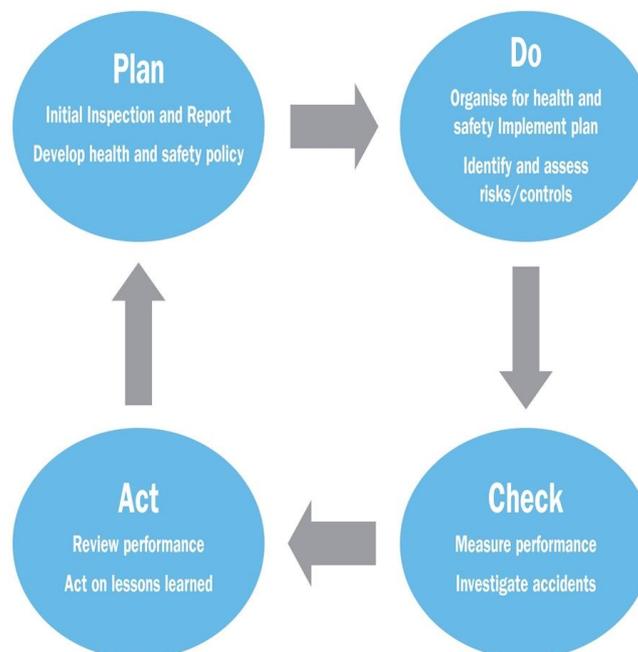
Health And Safety Management System

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations (Regulation 5) requires the employer to have arrangements in place to cover health and safety. These arrangements should, where possible, be integrated within the management system that is already in place for the Company. The arrangements when implemented however, will depend on the size and nature of the business and will require the following factors to be considered when integrating them into any management system: –

- Plan
- Do
- Check
- Act.

This health and safety policy includes a management structure and arrangements developed for the Company to ensure compliance with the law; its format enables it to be integrated with any existing management systems.

Guidance is provided to show how this policy can be used as part of an effective Health and Safety Management System to ensure compliance and control in a logical manner, by describing the service provided by Citation Ltd and the contributions required by the company.



The flow diagram above provides a pictorial representation of good management practices in line with the HSE's normative standards; each step is explained further overleaf.

1. **Plan** - *Initial inspection and report, develop a health and safety policy*

Initial inspection/report - a visit by a Citation Ltd Health and Safety Consultant who will complete a questionnaire, inspect the premises and provide a written report. The report will identify the current practical, physical and procedural weaknesses in complying with regulations.

The policy will be developed and installed to the client by the Health and Safety Consultant. The installation visit will include an explanation of the system, advice on how to comply with legislation and an introduction to risk assessments. The Company's 'statements of intent' are contained within the policy, these should be signed and dated by the person with overall responsibility for health and safety.

2. **Do** - *Organise for health and safety and implement plan*

The organisational structure will be established along with individual responsibilities with regards to health and safety management within the Company. Management leading by example is essential to fostering a positive health and safety culture.

FW Solutions Ltd commit to adhering to the policy arrangements including identifying hazards and completing risk assessments. Implementing actions from the health and safety inspection report will assist in compliance with regulations.

Implementation of the plan should include: –

- Establish and prioritise preventative and protective measures to eliminate or reduce risks, and implement
- Allocation of sufficient resources (manpower, time, funds and competent advice)
- Provision and maintenance of the correct tools and equipment to do the job
- Consult, train and instruct, to ensure everyone is competent to carry out their work
- Supervise to make sure that arrangements are followed.

3. **Check** - *Measure performance*

Monitoring will establish where problems may exist within the management system and will help understand what causes them and what remedial actions are required.

Monitoring can include:

- routine inspections of premises, plant and equipment by employee's
- health surveillance to prevent harm to health
- planned function check regimes for key pieces of plant
- investigating accidents and incidents

- monitoring cases of ill health and sickness absence records.
4. **Act** – *Review performance, act on lessons learned*
- Health surveillance to prevent harm to health
 - Conducting accident investigations and reviewing statistics
 - Monitoring cases of ill health and sickness absence
 - Compliance with regulations.

FW Solutions Ltd will carry out an internal review of health and safety systems to establish if they require updating or improving.

To support clients in the review process, Citation Ltd conduct an annual inspection. This will be carried out by a Citation Ltd, Health and Safety Consultant and includes a workplace inspection, review of documentation and arrangements in place and progress on assessments. On completion, a written report will be forwarded along with any required policy amendments. The outcomes of the review will become the next part of the health and safety plan to continue the loop.

Introduction

In compliance with the requirement of Section 2 of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, FW Solutions Ltd are effectively discharging their statutory duties by preparing a written Health and Safety Policy. A copy of the policy and associated employee handbook, which outline our health and safety arrangements and organisational structure, are held at FW Solutions Ltd's main place of business.

FW Solutions Ltd are aware that in order to ensure the health and safety policy is maintained effectively; it is essential that all references and information are up-to-date and accurate. Should any changes occur within the Company e.g. introduction of new processes or systems etc. or, if changes occur that impact on the organisation of health and safety responsibilities, a nominated representative will liaise with Citation Ltd, whose Health and Safety Consultants will advise on any policy updates that are needed and arrange for such amendments to be forwarded.

The health and safety policy and management system requires constant monitoring by FW Solutions Ltd's management and reviewed particularly following changes to the Company and following accidents or incidents to ensure continual legal compliance. Citation Ltd will review the policy at the time of annual inspection.

In order for FW Solutions Ltd to discharge its statutory duties, employee's are required by law, to co-operate with management in all matters concerning the health, safety and welfare of themselves and any other person who may be affected by their acts or omissions whilst at work. FW Solutions Ltd encourages all employee's to inform management of any areas of the health and safety policy that they feel are inadequate or misrepresented to ensure that the policy is maintained as a true working document.

Health and Safety Policy Statement

The following is a statement of the Company's health and safety policy in accordance with Section 2 of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974.

It is the policy of FW Solutions Ltd to ensure so far as is reasonably practicable, the health, safety and welfare of all employee's working for the Company and other persons who may be affected by our undertakings.

As a business we acknowledge that the key to successful health and safety management requires an effective policy, organisation and arrangements, which reflect the commitment of senior management. To maintain that commitment, we will continually measure, monitor, improve and revise where necessary, our Occupational Safety and Health (OH&S) management system to ensure that health and safety standards are adequately maintained.

The Managing Director will implement the Company's health and safety policy and recommend any changes to meet new circumstances. The Company recognises that successful health and safety management contributes to successful business performance and will allocate adequate finances and resources to meet these needs.

The management of FW Solutions Ltd looks upon the promotion of health and safety measures as a mutual objective for themselves and employee's. It is therefore, the policy of management to do all that is reasonably practicable to prevent personal injury and damage to property. Also, the Company aims to protect everyone, including visitors and members of the public, in so far as they come into contact with our activities, from any foreseeable hazard or danger.

All employee's have duties under the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and are informed of their personal responsibilities to take due care of the health and safety of themselves and to ensure that they do not endanger other persons by their acts or omissions. Employee's are also informed that they must co-operate with the Company in order that it can comply with the legal requirements placed upon it and in the implementation of this policy. We are committed to continued consultation with the workforce to enable all viewpoints and recommendations to be discussed at regular intervals.

The Company will ensure a systematic approach to identifying hazards, assessing the risks, determining suitable and sufficient control measures and informing employee's of the correct procedures needed to maintain a safe working environment. We will provide, so far as is reasonably practicable, safe places and systems of work, safe plant and machinery, safe handling of materials and substances, the provision of adequate safety equipment and ensure that appropriate information, instruction, training and supervision is given.

We regard all health and safety legislation as the minimum standard and expect management to achieve their targets without compromising health and safety.

Signature: -

Date: -

Position: -

Review: -

Environmental Statement

FW Solutions Ltd is committed to preventing pollution and to comply with all relevant environmental legislation, regulations and other environmental requirements.

We will regularly evaluate the environmental impact of our activities, products and services and we will take action to continually improve our environmental performance.

It is our policy to:

- Minimise the use of energy, water and natural resources
- Minimise waste through prevention, re-use and recycling where possible
- Dispose of waste safely and legally
- Avoid the use of hazardous materials, where practical
- Work with environmentally responsible suppliers
- Prevent environmental damage and minimise nuisance factors such as noise and air pollution.

We will define environmental objectives, targets and improvement actions that are related to this policy and to our significant environmental aspects. We will regularly evaluate progress.

We are committed to providing relevant environmental training and promoting environmental awareness to employee's and, where appropriate, to suppliers and to communicating our environmental performance.

We will implement processes to prevent environmental non-conformities and to ensure that we are prepared to deal with potential environmental emergencies.

This policy will be regularly reviewed and updated to take account of organisational priorities and changes, environmental legislation and best practice.

Signature: -

Date: -

Position: -

Review: -

Health & Safety Organisation Chart



Health & Safety Responsibilities

Section 2 of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 places a duty on employers to prepare a written health and safety policy that includes details of responsibilities for ensuring the health, safety and welfare of all employee's. The following list of responsibilities has been collated to ensure compliance with legislation.

Tier 1

The Managing Director will ensure that :-

- The main requirements of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 are understood and applied.
- Sufficient funds are made available for the requirements of health, safety and welfare provisions.
- Health and safety is integrated into the company's management systems.
- The same management standards are applied to health and safety as to other management functions.
- All levels of management within the organisation fully understand the arrangements for the implementation of the health and safety policy.
- All employee's fully understand safe systems of work, rules and procedures and that suitable records are kept.
- The organisational structure is appropriate in order to manage health and safety.
- Adequate health and safety training is provided for all employee's. This shall commence on induction and include any specific training regarding the organisation's rules, safe systems of work and training required to perform their duties and work-related tasks.
- Qualified first aid personnel and facilities are provided.
- Audits and inspections are conducted in accordance with the organisation's health and safety monitoring procedures.
- Employee's and any other relevant persons are informed of the location of first aid personnel, facilities and the importance of recording all accidents / incidents in the accident book.
- All accidents / near miss incidents are investigated and recorded on the incident record form and control measures implemented to prevent any recurrence.
- Arrangements for fire safety are implemented and that all relevant checks are carried out.
- Nominated competent persons complete, record and review risk and COSHH assessments relevant to the activities and hazards within the organisation and that relevant employee's are informed of the significant findings of the assessments.
- Suitable and sufficient personal protective equipment is provided for employee's at no cost.

- Joint consultations or regular health & safety meetings between management and employee's take place as described in the policy.
- All health and safety issues raised by employee's are recorded and investigated.
- Any faulty work equipment identified is immediately taken out of service until repaired or replaced.
- Regular safety checks are undertaken and records made available of the testing, maintenance and statutory inspections of all equipment.
- A system is implemented to ensure contractors have the necessary competence and resources in order to carry out work safely for the organisation.
- Contractors are adhering to safety rules and procedures and any other statutory legislation relevant to their work.
- All welfare facilities, including temperature, lighting and ventilation levels, are adequate.
- Safe access and egress are provided and maintained in all areas within the organisation.
- Relevant statutory signs and notices are provided and displayed in prominent positions.
- Manual handling training is undertaken and reviewed regularly or if process change requires re-assessment.
- Health and safety is a key topic on the agenda of each board meeting.
- All employee's fully understand the arrangements for the implementation of the health and safety policy.
- The policy is reviewed for compliance with the objectives for health and safety.
- Work that is considered to present a serious or imminent risk of injury to employee's or others is stopped immediately.
- Random safety audits and consultation with safety representatives is undertaken.
- Reports are prepared for submission to the management team on the overall performance of health and safety within the organisation.
- Training programmes are established or arranged to inform and educate employee's of their health and safety responsibilities and duties.
- The training needs of all employee's are identified.
- Suitable training is provided and full written records are maintained.
- Management are advised of the implications arising from health and safety legislation and codes of practice and their application to the organisation's activities.
- The organisation's health and safety policy, organisation and arrangements are reviewed.

- Risk assessments are compiled within the workplace.
- The organisation's fire safety arrangements are implemented.
- All accidents/incidents are reported to the enforcing authority in accordance with the Reporting of Incidents, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR).
- Records and statistics of all accidents and incidents that occur within the organisation are compiled.
- First Aid kits and equipment are checked on a regular basis to ensure that they are adequately stocked and that all items are in date.
- Written cleaning schedules are drawn up and are completed on a daily basis.
- No employee shall undertake any kind of electrical work where specialist knowledge is required in order to avoid danger.
- People moving and handling training and training in the use of hoists and slings is undertaken and reviewed regularly or if process change requires re-assessment.

Tier 2

The Director's will ensure that :-

- The main requirements of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 are understood and applied.
- All levels of management within the organisation fully understand the arrangements for the implementation of the health and safety policy.
- All employee's fully understand safe systems of work, rules and procedures and that suitable records are kept.
- The organisational structure is appropriate in order to manage health and safety.
- The same management standards are applied to health and safety as to other management functions.
- Health and safety is integrated into the company's management systems.
- Audits and inspections are conducted in accordance with the organisation's health and safety monitoring procedures.
- Adequate health and safety training is provided for all employee's. This shall commence on induction and include any specific training regarding the organisation's rules, safe systems of work and training required to perform their duties and work-related tasks.
- Qualified first aid personnel and facilities are provided.
- Employee's and any other relevant persons are informed of the location of first aid personnel, facilities and the importance of recording all accidents / incidents in the accident book.

- All accidents / near miss incidents are investigated and recorded on the incident record form and control measures implemented to prevent any recurrence.
- Arrangements for fire safety are implemented and that all relevant checks are carried out.
- Joint consultations or regular health & safety meetings between management and employee's take place as described in the policy.
- All health and safety issues raised by employee's are recorded and investigated.
- Any faulty work equipment identified is immediately taken out of service until repaired or replaced.
- Regular safety checks are undertaken and records made available of the testing, maintenance and statutory inspections of all equipment.
- Relevant statutory signs and notices are provided and displayed in prominent positions.
- Health and safety and food safety issues raised by employee's are recorded and investigated.
- Manual handling training is undertaken and reviewed regularly or if process change requires re-assessment.
- Health and safety is a key topic on the agenda of each board meeting.
- All employee's fully understand the arrangements for the implementation of the health and safety policy.
- The policy is reviewed for compliance with the objectives for health and safety.
- Random safety audits and consultation with safety representatives is undertaken.
- The training needs of all employee's are identified.
- Suitable training is provided and full written records are maintained.
- Risk assessments are compiled within the workplace.
- The organisation's fire safety arrangements are implemented.
- Records and statistics of all accidents and incidents that occur within the organisation are compiled.
- People moving and handling training and training in the use of hoists and slings is undertaken and reviewed regularly or if process change requires re-assessment.

Tier 3

The Employee's will ensure that :-

- The main requirements of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 are understood and applied.

- All employee's fully understand safe systems of work, rules and procedures and that suitable records are kept.
- Health and safety is integrated into the company's management systems.
- Audits and inspections are conducted in accordance with the organisation's health and safety monitoring procedures.
- Employee's and any other relevant persons are informed of the location of first aid personnel, facilities and the importance of recording all accidents / incidents in the accident book.
- All accidents / near miss incidents are investigated and recorded on the incident record form and control measures implemented to prevent any recurrence.
- Arrangements for fire safety are implemented and that all relevant checks are carried out.
- Joint consultations or regular health & safety meetings between management and employee's take place as described in the policy.
- Any faulty work equipment identified is immediately taken out of service until repaired or replaced.
- Regular safety checks are undertaken and records made available of the testing, maintenance and statutory inspections of all equipment.
- Safe access and egress are provided and maintained in all areas within the organisation.
- Manual handling training is undertaken and reviewed regularly or if process change requires re-assessment.
- All electrical equipment is adequately maintained and that only suitably trained and competent persons carry out electrical work. No employee shall undertake any kind of electrical work where specialist knowledge is required in order to avoid danger.
- All employee's fully understand the arrangements for the implementation of the health and safety policy.
- Random safety audits and consultation with safety representatives is undertaken.
- Risk assessments are compiled within the workplace.
- The organisation's fire safety arrangements are implemented.
- All accidents/incidents are reported to the enforcing authority in accordance with the Reporting of Incidents, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR).
- First Aid kits and equipment are checked on a regular basis to ensure that they are adequately stocked and that all items are in date.
- People moving and handling training and training in the use of hoists and slings is undertaken and reviewed regularly or if process change requires re-assessment.

Fire Responsibilities

The Managing Director will ensure that:

- All employee's receive comprehensive induction before commencing work, to ensure that they are fully aware of all the arrangements in place during the evacuation procedure
- A register of employee's is kept up-to-date at all times. This register must be available for inspection at all times and will be taken to the fire assembly point in the event of an evacuation for the purpose of calling the roll
- The requirements for employee training in fire safety are adhered to
- A fire logbook is kept up to date with all relevant records relating to fire safety and ensure that it is made available for inspection by the local authority fire brigade
- The fire alarm and associated equipment is tested weekly and tests are recorded in the fire logbook
- All fire-fighting equipment is tested on a regular basis as per the manufacturer's guidelines and records kept
- A fire evacuation drill is carried out at least annually which will be recorded in the fire logbook
- Any automatic fire detection equipment is tested according to current guidelines and the tests are recorded
- Any emergency lighting and emergency exit lights are tested according to current guidelines and tests recorded
- A fire risk assessment is undertaken within the workplace, outlining who may be affected by a fire along with any special requirements that may be identified
- All hazardous chemicals, gases and other hazardous materials are recorded and an inventory kept for information/inspection by the local authority fire brigade
- Where dangerous substances (classified as explosive, oxidising, extremely flammable, highly flammable and flammable) can cause harm from fire or explosion and are stored or used in the workplace, a competent person will need to prepare and implement a suitable and sufficient risk assessment and comply with the requirements of the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR)
- A regular check is made to ensure escape routes and doors are not obstructed. Fire exit doors should be unlocked and available for use at all times when persons are in the building. Fire doors should be closed at all times and not wedged open.

General Responsibilities

As employers we have a duty to all employee's, casual workers, part-time workers, trainees, visitors and sub-contractors who may be in our workplace or use work equipment provided by us. Consideration will also be given to our neighbours and the general public.

Management will ensure they:

- Assess all risks to worker's health and safety and bring the significant findings to the attention of employee's
- Provide safe plant and equipment that is suitably maintained
- Provide a safe place of work with adequate facilities and safe access and egress
- Provide adequate training and information to all employee's
- Have provisions in place to guarantee that articles and substances are handled and stored in a proper manner
- Provide health surveillance to employee's where it is deemed necessary
- Appoint competent persons to help comply with health and safety law
- Provide employee's and other workers who have little or no understanding of English, or who cannot read English, with adequate supervision, translation, interpreters or replace written notices with clearly understood symbols or diagrams.

Employee's Responsibilities

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 details two main sections which employee's are required to comply with. These are: -

- Every employee has a duty of care under the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, section 7, to take reasonable care of himself/herself and any other person who may be affected by their acts or omissions at work
- In addition to the above, Section 8 states that under no circumstances shall employee's purposely or recklessly interfere or misuse anything provided in the interest of safety or welfare, life saving equipment, signs or fire fighting equipment
- Employee's also have a duty to assist and co-operate with FW Solutions Ltd and any other person to ensure all aspects of health and safety legislation are adhered to.

Employee's are obliged to:

- Always follow safety rules, avoid improvisation and comply with the health and safety policy
- Only perform work that they are qualified to undertake
- Always store materials and equipment in a safe manner
- Never block emergency escape routes
- Always practice safe working procedures, refrain from "horseplay" and report all hazards and defective equipment

- Always wear suitable clothing and personal protective equipment for the task being undertaken
- Inform the First Aider or Appointed Person of all accidents that occur.

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations require all employee's to:

- Utilise all items that are provided for safety
- Comply with all safety instructions
- Report to management anything that they may consider to be of any danger
- Advise management of any areas where protection arrangements require reviewing.

Sub-Contractors/Self Employed Personnel Responsibilities.

Will be made aware of the Company's health and safety policy, safety rules and:

- Will be fully aware of the responsibilities and requirements placed upon them by the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and other relevant legislation
- Will comply with all instructions given by management
- Will co-operate with the Company to ensure a high standard of health and safety on all contracts with which they are involved
- Will carry out risk assessments in relation to their activities, ensure that adequate health and safety arrangements are implemented and co-operate as necessary with all affected parties
- Will comply with signing in and out procedures.

Employee Information

Information regarding health and safety law is provided in a number of ways:

- Employee's are provided with a copy of the 'Employee handbook'
- The approved poster "Health and Safety Law – What You Should Know" is displayed on the premises. This poster is advisably completed with names of responsible persons. Alternatively a leaflet version of the Health and Safety Law poster is available and should be distributed to all employee's.
- Management and employee's have access to our Health and Safety Management System that contains all relevant information with regard to recording and monitoring procedures.

Joint Consultation

The Health and Safety (Consultation with Employee's) Regulations require all employers to consult with their employee's who are not represented by safety representatives, as detailed in the Safety Representatives and Safety Committees Regulations.

We recognise the importance and benefits to be gained by consultation and will maintain clear avenues of communication to ensure effective consultation between management and employee's. It is the responsibility of management to ensure that consultation takes place in good time on matters relating to employee's health and safety at work.

If at any time the method of consultation becomes ineffective due to the size or nature of the Company then the Company will recognise the rights of employee's or groups of employee's to elect one or more persons to act as their representative for the purpose of such consultation.

Health and safety will be on the agenda of all management meetings. Items that may be included in the meeting are:

- Review of accident statistics, near misses and trends
- New legislation
- Compliance with the objectives of the health and safety plan
- Occupational health issues
- Introduction of new technology
- Result of health and safety audits
- Review of significant findings identified by reports produced by Citation Ltd
- Completion of corrective actions
- Review of training needs.

Citation Ltd along with other professional bodies will inform senior management of any relevant changes to health and safety. Management will disseminate this information to all relevant employees.

If any visitors or customers raise any concerns with regard to health and safety, senior management will investigate the issue and if required, take appropriate action to deal with the matter.

Access and Egress

Description

Safe access and egress includes movement of persons, equipment and vehicles into, around and out of the place of work

Associated Hazards

- Slips, trips and falls
- Falling objects
- Vehicle movement
- Uneven/obstructed floor
- Trailing cables
- Opening in the floor
- Unsuitable/insufficient lighting.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that:

- Arrangements and procedures are in place to ensure pedestrian safety and pedestrian/vehicle segregation where possible
- Articles or substances do not impede safe access and egress in the premises and that objects that may restrict safe movement within the premises are removed immediately
- Any access restrictions are adhered to, so that suitable and safe arrangements for work in areas of high risk are guaranteed
- Suitable covers are provided and are put in place over openings in the floor, or suitable safety fencing (rigid material – flexible chains not acceptable) is in place
- Floor coverings are in good condition and free from slipping and tripping hazards
- The edges of steps and stairs are clearly marked and stairways, passageways and working areas are well lit with suitable handrails fitted to stairways
- All contractors will be closely monitored to ensure that they do not hinder safe access/egress of personnel when working at the premises
- This policy will be subject to regular monitoring and review.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:

- Follow advice and information given by the employer in relation to safe access and egress
- Regularly check that there is sufficient space to move about their work area freely and where necessary report any problems
- Report any situation to the employer where safe access and egress is restricted or obstructed so that arrangements for the appropriate remedial action can be taken.

Accident Reporting

Description

There are many hazards present in all workplaces. Control measures, when implemented, should reduce the risks from those hazards to a level as low as is reasonably practicable in order to prevent accidents and cases of ill health. This arrangement provides advice and guidance to all employee's, together with information necessary for the reporting and subsequent investigation of accidents, incidents and near misses. An accident is an unplanned event that results in personal injury or damage to property, plant or equipment. A 'near miss' is any incident, accident or emergency which did not result in an injury.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that:

- Suitable procedural arrangements are made in order that all accidents and incidents occurring on the premises or associated with business activities are adequately recorded
- Appropriate First Aid procedures are followed in the event of an accident or incident resulting in injury
- All employee's are adequately trained to carry out their work safely and are provided with information on safe working practices and accident prevention
- A nominated person notifies the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), using the appropriate online RIDDOR reporting form via www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm, of any relevant accident, dangerous occurrence and/or instance of work related ill-health that falls under the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR).

The Incident Contact Centre can alternatively be contacted on 0845 300 99 23 if there is a work related accident where:

- Employee's or a self-employed person, working for or on behalf of FW Solutions Ltd is killed or suffers a specified injury (including as a result of physical violence)
- A member of the public or other person not at work is killed.

RIDDOR reportable instances include those described below. This list is not exhaustive and FW Solutions Ltd will contact Citation Ltd's advice line for further guidance, support and clarification.

Death

- Workers and non workers who have died of a work related accident.

Specified Injuries

- Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
- Amputations
- Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
- Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
- Serious burns (including scalding) which:
 - cover more than 10% of the body, or
 - cause significant damage to the eyes, respiratory system or other vital organs
- Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
- Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
- Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which:
 - leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness, or
 - requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours.

Over Seven-Day Injury

This is an injury, which is not a specified injury but results in the injured person being away from work or unable to carry out their normal duties for more than seven days. Apart from the day of the accident, weekends and days that would not normally be worked, such as rest days, are counted.

Occupational Disease

- Occupational dermatitis
- Carpal tunnel syndrome
- Severe cramp of the hand or forearm
- Hand arm vibration syndrome
- Occupational asthma

- Tendonitis or tenosynovitis of the hand or forearm
- Any occupational cancer
- Any disease attributed to occupational exposure to a biological agent.

Dangerous Occurrence

There are 27 dangerous occurrences which are relevant to most workplaces, e.g.:

- Collapse, overturning or failure of load bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
- Plant or equipment coming into contact with overhead lines
- Electrical short circuit or overload causing fire or explosion
- Collapse or partial collapse of scaffold over 5 metres high or which has been erected near water where there is the potential of drowning after a fall.

People Not at Work

- A member of the public or a person not at work has suffered an injury and is taken from the scene of an accident to hospital for treatment to that injury
- A member of the public or person who is not at work has died.

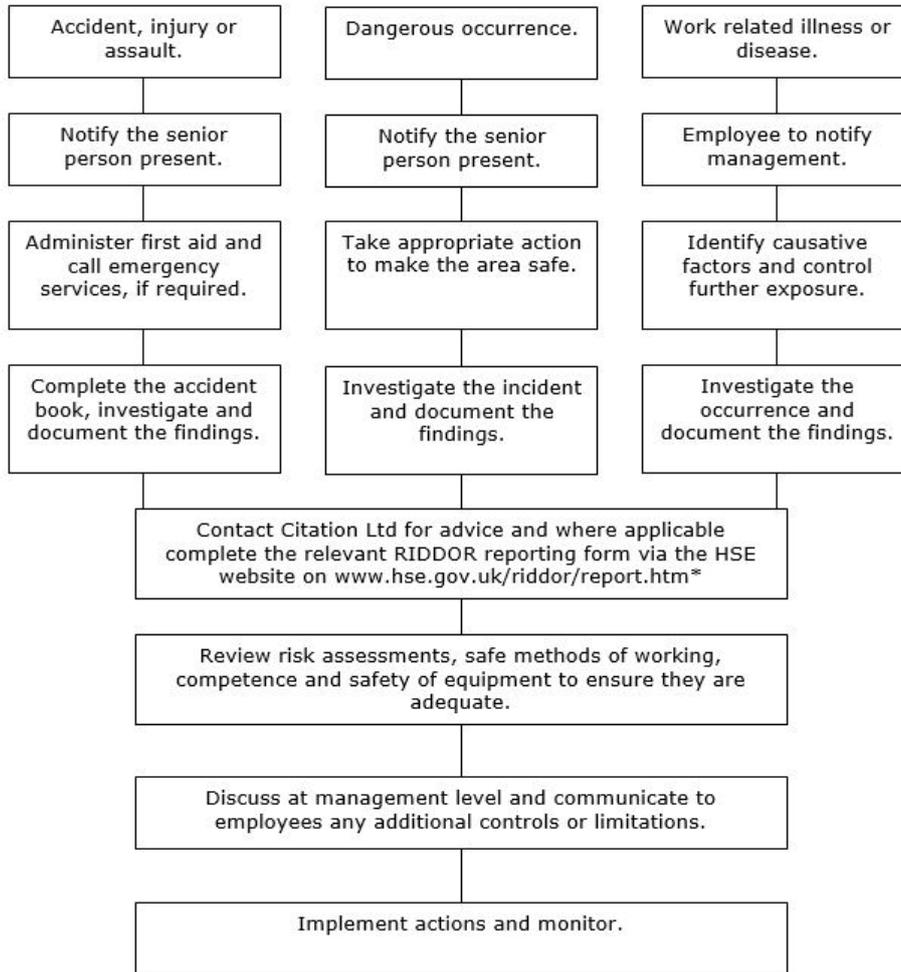
In addition FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that:

- All accidents and incidents, however minor, will be investigated to ensure the appropriate action is taken to prevent recurrence. In the majority of cases, the details contained within the accident book will constitute an investigation
- The risk assessments will be reviewed and, if necessary, further control measures will be introduced
- Improvement strategies will be implemented to help prevent or minimise occurrences, thus reducing future risk of harm.

Employee's Responsibilities

Any employee's who are involved in, or aware of an accident must follow the accident reporting procedure and inform the employers, either orally or in writing as soon as possible after the accident occurs. The nominated person will complete the necessary documentation including accident book entry, investigation and comply with any notification and reporting requirements.

Accident and Incident Reporting Flowchart



*Note the HSE Incident Contact Centre telephone reporting service is only available for specified injuries and fatalities on 0345 300 9923.

Alcohol and Drugs Misuse

Description

There is evidence that the effects of drinking alcohol, or drug use or misuse, can reduce personal performance and potentially increase absence rates. Any form of drug or alcohol related problem is a very serious matter and in some circumstances may be a criminal offence. The scope of this policy extends to alcohol, illicit drugs or substances and over-the-counter or prescription medication if abused or taken in an irresponsible manner.

Associated Hazards

- Impairment of co-ordination
- Inability to drive or use equipment safely
- Lack of awareness, judgement and sense of danger
- Heightened sense, and use of aggression towards others
- Overconfidence in potentially dangerous situations.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:

- Seek to identify problems at an early stage and thus minimise the risk posed to the health and safety of employee's and others
- Ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place to minimise the likelihood of alcohol, drugs and substance abuse occurring
- Recognise that drug and alcohol problems are medical conditions that are potentially treatable
- Treat all information in the strictest of confidence.

Disciplinary Procedures

- If an alcohol or drug related problem comes to light that results in unacceptable behaviour or performance it may be dealt with in accordance with FW Solutions Ltds disciplinary or capability procedures
- Behaviour or performance which is found to be unacceptable and related to alcohol or drug abuse, may, depending on the circumstances of the individual case, result in summary dismissal.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:

- Inform your line manager if you are taking any prescription medications that may affect your ability to safely operate vehicles, equipment or machinery or to carry out your duties
- Not attend work at any time whilst under the detrimental influence of alcohol or drugs
- Seek help voluntarily if they recognise they have an alcohol or drug related problem
- Inform the Managing Director if they are aware that any employee's have an alcohol or drug related problem that is affecting their work. This will ensure that employee's receive the necessary support and assistance.

Blood Borne Viruses (BBV)

Description

We recognise that there is a potential risk of employee's coming into contact with Blood Borne Viruses (BBV) such as hepatitis and Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). To reduce the risks posed by these viruses we will assess the potential for exposure and introduce controls to reduce the risk.

Associated Hazards

- Direct contact with infected blood or saliva
- Contact with clinical dressings
- Needle stick injuries.

Employer's Responsibilities

- Completing a risk assessment to identify the potential for contact with BBVs. This includes First Aid Contact and accidental contact with bodily fluids
- Ensuring that spillages are isolated and then cleared by a responsible and authorised person using suitable personal protective clothing to prevent any direct skin contact or splashes, etc
- Providing First aider's with information about dealing with spillages and discarded needles
- Ensure that first aid kits contain disposable gloves to protect against possible contamination when handling an injured person
- Allowing the use of syringes within the workplace only for medical reasons (employee's using syringes at work for any other reason than for treatment of a medical condition will be subject to disciplinary action)
- Making suitable arrangements for the storage and disposal of syringes that are permitted for use within the workplace
- Taking all suitable precautions to secure the safety of employee's who have been diagnosed with a BBV and those employee's working in close contact with the affected person
- Treat any information that has been given by an employee's in respect of a BBV condition in complete confidence.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Immediately report any spillage of bodily fluids and arrange for suitable isolation and cleaning in line with their level of training

- Report to management in confidence, if they become aware that they are a carrier of a BBV, if it is relevant to their employment.

The risk of BBV infection is low, as direct contact with blood and body fluids does not occur regularly. Much depends on the nature of the exposure and not all exposures result in infection.

Cleaning and Disinfection

Description

Everyone involved in the workplace must be committed to ensuring that satisfactory standards of hygiene are achieved. The requisite standards will be clearly and effectively communicated and reinforced by management. Cleaning schedules will be developed as a communication link between management and staff and are necessary to ensure that premises and equipment are cleaned effectively and if necessary, disinfected.

Associated Hazards

- Chemical storage and handling
- Mixing of chemicals in different containers
- Slips, trips and falls
- Dermatitis.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd has responsibility for formalising cleaning within the workplace, cleaning schedules have been compiled which outline: –

- What needs to be cleaned e.g. floors, facilities, work surfaces, equipment etc
- Who is to undertake the cleaning processes e.g. kitchen staff, cleaners etc
- The frequency of cleaning procedures to be undertaken e.g. daily/weekly
- How the cleaning process is to be undertaken e.g. whether equipment needs to be moved in order to undertake the cleaning procedure
- What chemicals/disinfectants and cleaning implements are to be used e.g. brushes, shovels, hoses etc.

In addition, the company will:

- Train and supervise inexperienced staff until they are competent to undertake the activity safely on their own
- Undertake suitable and sufficient risk assessments for the relevant work activities
- Develop a safe system of work and train staff
- Ensure chemical data sheets are available at all times.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Co-operate with the employer in relation to maintaining a clean and tidy workplace
- Follow training, guidance and instruction to prevent injury or ill health
- Make use of any personal protective equipment provided
- Report to the employer any hazardous or dangerous situation
- Co-operate with management arrangements for health and safety.

Contractors

Description

A contractor is anyone who is undertaking work on our behalf but is not a direct employee. Contractors may be employed to undertake maintenance, repairs, installation, construction, window cleaning, engineering and many other jobs. Work undertaken for a client by a contractor is usually covered by a civil contract.

Whilst it is good practice for health and safety requirements to be written into such contracts, health and safety responsibilities are defined by criminal law and cannot be passed on to another by a contract.

Thus, in any client/contractor relationship, both parties will have duties under health and safety law. Contractors are especially vulnerable and may put the client's own employee's at risk.

Associated Hazards

- Movement of site traffic
- Excavations
- Working at height
- Manual handling injuries
- Hazardous materials/substances.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that competent contractors are selected and appointed having regard to: -

- Hazards on site
- Site rules and safety procedures
- The need for and selection of protective clothing
- Any special equipment required
- Information, instruction and training.

Other issues to be addressed are to:

- Ensure that risks associated with the work are assessed
- Include contractor's operations in all safety audits/inspections, paying special attention to access and egress
- Inform employee's where contractors are working in their particular area

- Manage, supervise, co-operate with and co-ordinate contractors when on site
- Ensure that contractors provide and use safe plant and equipment and all necessary PPE
- Check that work has been completed satisfactorily and the area has been left in a safe condition ensuring all debris and tools have been removed.

Contractor's/Sub-Contractor's Responsibilities

All sub-contractors undertaking work on our behalf:

- Must accept responsibility for complying with the provisions of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and all other relevant statutory provisions in respect of the work comprising the contract
- Must provide suitable and appropriate supervision to plan, control and monitor their operations having carried out risk assessments for the work
- Must agree risk assessments and any method statements with the client before work commences
- Must inform the client of any unforeseen hazards arising from the work to enable the necessary precautions to be put in place
- Shall undertake electrical work and work involving the use of electrical tools and equipment in accordance with the appropriate regulations
- Must ensure plant and machinery brought on site is fully guarded and complies with the requirements of the Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations (PUWER)
- Must make available for inspection, test certificates issued by a competent person for equipment such as lifting equipment, air compressors and pressure plant
- Must report all accidents to the client immediately so that they can record the incident in the accident book.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:

- Immediately report any unsafe practices or concerns to the senior person present.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH)

Description

Using chemicals or other hazardous substances at work may put people's health at risk, thus, employers are required to control exposure to hazardous substances to prevent ill health. The aim is to protect both employee's and others who may be exposed by complying with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH).

Hazardous substances include: -

- Substances used directly in work activities, e.g. paints, adhesives, cleaning agents
- Substances generated during work activities, e.g. soldering, welding fumes, silica dust
- Naturally occurring substances, e.g. grain, dust
- Biological agents, e.g. bacteria and other micro-organisms.

Effects from hazardous substances can range from mild eye irritation to chronic lung disease or even death.

Associated Hazards

- Skin irritation
- Asthma or other lung disease
- Losing consciousness
- Cancer
- Infection from bacteria and/or micro-organisms.

N.B. This list of hazards is not exhaustive.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd recognises its responsibilities in the provision of a safe working environment in relation to the management of potentially hazardous substances and shall: -

- Identify and list those hazardous substances that are used or stored within company premises
- Identify all work activities likely to produce or generate hazardous substances
- Obtain Safety Data Sheets from suppliers or other sources
- Identify who may be affected by the use of such substances, e.g. employee's, contractors, public

- Appoint a competent person to complete and record the COSHH assessments and review the assessment regularly.
- Provide training in safe use of substance
- Report any harmful exposure to the relevant authority

Where reasonably practicable, the company will prevent exposure by: -

- Changing the process so that a hazardous substance is not required or generated
- Replacing the hazardous substance with a less hazardous substance
- Using the substance in a safer form.

If prevention is not practicable, the company will adequately control* the risk of exposure by: -

- Total enclosure of the process/isolation of the activity, where reasonably practicable or partial enclosure and installation of extraction (Local Exhaust Ventilation, LEV)
- Providing suitable storage and transport facilities for hazardous substances following manufacturer's guidance and ensuring containers are correctly labelled
- Using a system of work that minimises the potential for leaks, spills and escape of the hazardous substance
- Ensuring that control measures, e.g. LEV remain effective by inspection, testing, thorough examination and maintenance of plant and equipment where appropriate
- Providing information, instruction, training and supervision in the safe use and handling of hazardous substances
- Providing employee's with suitable personal protective equipment (PPE) and or Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE) as required by risk assessment and ensuring that they are trained to use and handle the equipment. Where RPE is used, ensure that face fit testing is undertaken
- Ensuring emergency procedures are in place and that arrangements to dispose of waste are implemented
- Determining the need to monitor employee's exposure or if health or medical surveillance is required
- Recording the findings in a COSHH assessment and reviewing the assessment regularly or if is deemed no longer valid

- Providing a copy of each relevant COSHH assessment to those persons considered at risk
- Preparing and implementing, by a competent person, a suitable and sufficient risk assessment that complies with the requirements of the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR), where dangerous substances (classified as explosive, oxidising, extremely flammable, highly flammable and flammable) can cause harm from fire or explosion and are stored or used in the workplace
- Regularly monitor compliance to the control measures implemented.

FW Solutions Ltd will consider the risks to other persons who may come into contact with hazardous substances, particularly vulnerable groups, e.g. visiting children and women of childbearing age, and will implement the necessary controls to minimise or eliminate harm.

Note*: controls need to include not exceeding any assigned legal Workplace Exposure Limits (WEL) or that exposure to asthmagens, carcinogens and mutagens are reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's have responsibilities under COSHH Regulations, and are expected to: -

- Take part in training programmes
- Observe container hazard symbols
- Practice safe working with hazardous substances following training provided
- Report any concerns or health issue to their immediate supervisor
- Wear, use correctly and maintain any personal protective equipment and respirable protective equipment provided
- Return all hazardous substances to their secure location after use
- Use the control measures provided properly.

Dermatitis

Description

The word 'Dermatitis' derives from the Greek words for skin, "**derma**" and inflammation, "**itis**". Dermatitis is a skin condition usually caused by contact with something that irritates the skin or causes an allergic reaction. Contact Dermatitis affects mainly the hands but other parts of the body can also be affected. Dermatitis can be caused by:

- Wet work due to repeated and prolonged contact with water, e.g. by hand washing more than 20 times or having wet hands for more than 2 hours during a shift
- Chemical agents, e.g. through contact with chemicals, including by direct contact, splashes, contaminated work surfaces and tools, airborne particles settling on the skin
- Biological agents, e.g. through contact with plants, bacteria, spores, moulds, fungi
- Physical agents, e.g. by vibration, radiation or low humidity from air conditioning
- Mechanical agents, e.g. by abrasion.

Associated Hazards

The main categories relating to work-related Contact Dermatitis are classified as:

- Irritant Contact Dermatitis: mainly caused by chemical and physical irritants and is the most common form of Contact Dermatitis. Common chemical irritants include solvents, soaps, detergents, latex, cosmetics, metalworking fluids, oils and alkalis
- Allergic Contact Dermatitis: common allergens include, UV cured printing inks, adhesives, wet cement, some plants, nickel and chromium which can cause an allergic reaction, hours or days after contact. In rare cases a severe reaction can occur, known as an 'anaphylactic shock'
- Photo Contact Dermatitis: is a reaction that develops where chemicals are applied to the skin, e.g. sunscreens, fragrances, creams, insecticides, disinfectants.

Symptoms of dermatitis generally include a localised rash and/or irritation of the skin and can develop into flaking, scaling, cracking, bleeding, swelling and blistering which can take days or even weeks to heal.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:

- As part of the risk assessments process, in accordance with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH), identify all substances likely to generate the risk of dermatitis and those persons who are at risk of work-related developing dermatitis
- Where reasonably practicable, eliminate the use of substances that are likely to cause dermatitis
- Where relevant, replace substances likely to cause dermatitis with less harmful substances
- Establish control measures and safe systems of work to prevent and/or minimise skin contact with hazardous substances
- Provide suitable personal protective equipment (PPE), skin care products and adequate washing facilities
- Provide suitable personal protective equipment storage and disposal facilities
- Encourage employee's to carry out regular skin checks to identify signs of dermatitis
- Introduce health surveillance for all employee's likely to be at risk of developing dermatitis
- Provide employee's with information, instruction and training in relation to hazardous substances, use of PPE and skin care products
- Consult with employee's and their representatives in relation to skin care, skin care products and personal protective equipment
- Record and investigate any diagnosed cases of dermatitis and follow RIDDOR reporting procedures, where appropriate.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Observe hazard symbols and instructions displayed on product containers
- Co-operate with the employer and follow the safe working procedures to minimise contracting dermatitis
- Wear suitable PPE and use skin care products according to the control measures identified in the risk assessments
- Use work equipment and methods of work that prevents the skin coming into contact with hazardous substances
- Regularly check skin condition and report any symptoms of dermatitis to the employer and seek medical advice, if necessary

- Ensure that hands are washed and dried regularly, including before and after the wearing of protective gloves
- Use 'before and after' work creams to ensure that the skin is kept in good condition – ***remember that barrier creams are not a substitute for protective gloves.***

Diabetes

Description

In the UK, 1.4 million people are diagnosed with diabetes mellitus. It is likely that more people have the condition, but have yet to be formally diagnosed. Diabetes is the leading cause of blindness in the country and can lead to serious complications such as heart disease, kidney failure and stroke.

For each affected employee, the level of treatment will vary greatly from individual to individual and within each individual from day to day. It may therefore be necessary to seek specialist advice.

Symptoms associated with diabetes

- Weakness, faintness or hunger
- Palpitations and muscle tremors
- Strange actions or behaviour where the casualty may seem confused or drunk, belligerent or may even be violent
- Sweating
- Pallor
- Cold clammy skin
- A strong pulse
- Deteriorating level of response
- Shallow breathing.

The person may have a warning card (medic – alert) or bracelet, sugar lumps, tablets or an insulin syringe (which may look like a pen) among their possessions.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd is aware that people who are diabetic may not wish to reveal their health problem. However, workplace adjustments can only be made if the individual is willing to let the employer know about the condition.

Disclosure should help the individual in their job and facilitate help and support from management and colleagues, in this regard the Company will, upon being advised of the condition: -

- Carry out a risk assessment of each job (including lone working) to determine whether there are any significant health and safety risks, taking into account individual circumstances
- Introduce the appropriate control measures to remove the risk or manage it

- Meet the cost of making reasonable adjustments, depending on the nature of the adjustment
- Permit employee's with diabetes to organise their work area and work time themselves, except in exceptional cases where it is operationally impossible
- Allow more time and greater flexibility for induction training and choose the location for this carefully
- Allow employee's affected by diabetes to maintain a check on blood sugar levels throughout the day and to take regular breaks
- Give access to a fridge or cold flask for storing insulin, if required
- Give the employee a private area in which to check blood sugar levels
- Support a diabetic employee by allowing the employee to access his or her G.P. or diabetic nurse during the working day
- Establish procedures for dealing with a hypoglaecemic attack in conjunction with the affected employee
- Allow special leave for counselling, diabetic management sessions, eye examinations or treatment
- Identify any specific training needs of the individual
- Make provision for diabetic employee's within the arrangements for first aid, fire and emergency evacuation.

Employee's Responsibilities

- To co-operate with the employer in relation to health and safety arrangements
- Follow any training, guidance and instruction
- Report any accident or incident to the employer.

Furthermore, a diabetic employee's responsibilities include :-

- Alerting the employer if their condition is having an adverse effect on their day-to-day ability to work or increase the likelihood of an accident.
- Notifying the employer and the DVLA if:
 - receiving treatment with insulin where the job entails driving any type of vehicle or
 - receiving any type of medication for diabetes where the job entails driving Group 2 vehicles (bus, coach or lorry).

If the condition is managed by diet or non-insulin medication (or both) there is no obligation to inform the DVLA provided the employee is free from certain diabetes related complications, listed on the DVLA website, or has not been advised to do so by their GP, specialist or optician.

- Co-operation with the management arrangements for health and safety
- Following any training, guidance and instruction provided by the employer.

Disciplinary Rules

Description

FW Solutions Ltd believes that health and safety is a critical factor that needs to be taken into account when running a business. To enable the Company to control safety, a number of safety rules have been established. Failure to comply with these rules may result in disciplinary action.

Employer's Responsibilities

Employee's of FW Solutions Ltd may be dismissed for gross misconduct if, after investigation the Company believes that they have acted in any of the following ways:

- Deliberately breaking any written safety rules such as using a naked flame in a non-designated area etc
- Removed or misused any piece or item of equipment, label, sign or warning device that is provided by the Company (or its agents) for the protection and safety of its employee's.

or failed to follow procedures for:

- Flammable / hazardous substances or toxic materials
- Items of lifting equipment / plant or machinery
- Behaved in any manner that could lead to accidents or injury, including "horseplay", practical jokes etc
- Undertook any action that could interfere with an accident investigation.

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that contact is made with the Advice Line at Citation Ltd prior to undertaking any disciplinary action.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:

- Co-operate with their employer and conduct themselves in a way that does not create risk of harm to themselves and others
- Not misuse or interfere with anything provided for health, safety and welfare
- Report any identified hazards to their employer
- Comply with clearly indicated and specific safety rules
- Wear safety clothing or equipment provided

Display Screen Equipment (DSE)

Description

Display Screen Equipment (DSE) based work can potentially have serious effects on health.

DSE users can experience a range of physical and psychological health problems including eyestrain, blurred vision, headaches, and musculoskeletal problems including repetitive strain injury (RSI) and work related upper limb disorders (WRULD).

Problems are caused by a combination of badly designed jobs, equipment and work environment. However, most of these conditions are preventable by giving attention to the way in which work is organised, and providing appropriate equipment and workplaces.

Associated Health Issues

- Musculoskeletal injuries
- Work related upper limb disorders (WRULD)
- Repetitive Strain Injury (RSI)
- Visual fatigue and headaches
- Stress.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd is committed to ensuring that employee's are not subjected to adverse health effects as a result of the use of display screen equipment. For the purpose of this policy, a user is defined as someone who is required to use DSE equipment for a significant part of his/her working day.

FW Solutions Ltd will:

- Identify all DSE users as defined by regulations
- Undertake workstation risk assessments with the involvement of employee's
- Reduce the risks associated with DSE use to the lowest reasonably practicable level
- Provide suitable work equipment
- Provide all DSE users with sufficient information, instruction, training and supervision
- Incorporate task changes within the working day in order to prevent intensive periods of on-screen activity. Ensure arrangements for regular breaks
- Arrange and pay for eye and eyesight tests on request by identified DSE 'Users'
- Contribute towards corrective appliances (glasses), where recognised 'Users' require these solely and specifically for working with DSE.

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that, where required all new-starters complete a DSE assessment questionnaire.

Where a user raises a matter related to health and safety in the use of display screen equipment, FW Solutions Ltd will:

- Take all necessary steps to investigate the circumstances
- Review the DSE risk assessment and implement any additional control measures required
- Ensure appropriate corrective measures are taken
- Advise the user of the actions taken.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:

- Inform their Line Manager in confidence as soon as possible, if a health problem arises through the use of display screen equipment
- Work in accordance with any advice or guidance given by the Company
- Familiarise themselves with the contents of the relevant risk assessments
- Request FW Solutions Ltd to arrange and pay for eye and eyesight tests where required and if the employee is identified as a user of DSE equipment.

Doors

Description

All doors within the premises must be designed, installed and maintained, so that employee's and visitors can utilise them without risk of injury.

Associated Hazards

- Fire/Products of combustion
- Slips, trips and falls
- Object movement
- Struck by moving object
- Entrapment.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that:

- All doors are designed so that employee's and visitors can utilise them safely
- A general workplace risk assessment will be undertaken which will consider safe access/egress within the premises
- Automatic door closers will be fitted where required
- Wherever possible doors will be hung to open outwards as this improves egress in emergencies and for moving and handling
- Where necessary vision panels will be provided
- Where necessary, fire doors will be fitted with electromagnetic door catches that will ensure the doors close automatically on activation of the fire alarm
- Fire doors will be marked with suitable signs e.g., "Fire door – keep closed" or "Fire door – keep locked shut" as appropriate
- Fire exit doors will be marked with suitable signs e.g. "Fire Exit" and "Push bar to open" as appropriate
- When needed, install anti finger trapping devices that completely cover the gap that is created on the hinge side of a door when it is in the open position
- Use doorstops or jammers at the top of the door
- Where necessary cupboard doors will be fitted with safety catches.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Not to chock or wedge fire doors open
- Report any damage to doors, fixings or signs to the employer
- Report any accidents or near misses to the employer.

Driving At Work

Description

It has been estimated that up to one third of all road traffic accidents involve somebody who is 'at work' at the time, making work-related road collisions the biggest single safety issue for many UK businesses. Promoting safe driving practices and a good safety culture at work is also beneficial to private driving, and could reduce the potential for employee's getting injured in a road traffic accident whilst away from work.

Associated Hazards

- The driver: competency, training, fitness and health
- The vehicle: suitability, mechanical condition, safety equipment (seat belts) and ergonomic considerations
- The journey: routes, scheduling, time, distance, weather conditions
- Crime: theft, violence, personal injury, property damage
- Breakdowns and other emergencies.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that:-

- Risk assessments are carried out for all work related driving activities
- Appropriate control measures are implemented and communicated to employee's
- Drivers are competent to drive, hold a valid driving licence, are suitably insured, are familiar with the vehicle, understand the risk assessment findings and control measures and have received appropriate training, as necessary
- Journeys are planned. Scheduling will take into account routes, times, distances and weather conditions
- Drivers are instructed on the need to carry out basic safety checks and instructed on what to do in the event of an emergency
- Vehicles are fit for the task and regularly maintained in a roadworthy condition. Privately owned vehicles will not be used for work purposes unless insured for business use and have a MOT certificate, where required
- Company vehicles carry suitable equipment, based on risk assessment, to aid in an emergency, breakdown or bad weather conditions. Equipment may include First aid kits, mobile phones, de-icing equipment, personal protective equipment (PPE), etc
- Any persons, equipment, chemicals or medicines carried in the vehicle are properly secured following, where relevant, manufacturer's recommendations.

Mobile Telephones

The Road Safety Act sets fixed penalty fines and points for using a hand-held phone whilst driving. Penalties also apply for not having proper control of a vehicle - a measure that can also be used where a driver has been distracted by using a hands-free mobile phone.

Where necessary, hands-free kits will be provided to employee's who are required to use mobile telephones whilst working away from the premises.

Under no circumstances are employee's permitted to use hand-held telephones other than via hands free kits, or similar hand-held devices whilst driving. The prohibition also applies when stationary at traffic lights or other delays that may occur.

Mobile Phone Use

If mobile phones are used whilst driving it is important that the phone is held in a cradle.

Drivers still risk prosecution (for failure to have proper control) even if they use hands-free phones when driving.

The following guidance is given to all drivers who are required to use mobile phone hands-free kits: -

- Only use the phone when it is safe to do so
- Understand how your phone operates
- Only acknowledge incoming calls on a hands-free system where answering is automatic or one touch button
- Only use short responses and indicate that you will return the call when it is safe to do so. Only use the mobile phone when it is essential to do so and do not talk longer than is necessary
- Whenever possible, drivers should not make outgoing calls whilst driving
- When making calls to, or receiving calls from mobile phones, always ask whether it is safe to speak.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Employee's must follow any advice, information, instruction and training given by the employer
- All employee's who are expected to drive on company business must have a valid drivers' licence for the class of vehicle they are driving
- Employee's must provide a copy of their driving licence, on request and declare any driving convictions. Employee's using their own vehicles for work should also provide a copy of their insurance certificate and a valid MOT certificate for the vehicle where applicable

- Drivers must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the vehicle is adequate for the purpose including being roadworthy, is in safe mechanical condition, is not overloaded, loads are secure and seat belts are worn
- Drivers shall comply with traffic legislation and The Highway Code, be conscious of road safety and demonstrate safe driving
- Employee's driving vehicles on company business will not be under the influence of drink or drugs and must not drive whilst disqualified
- Drivers must stop after a crash or similar incident with which they are involved
- Employee's must inform management if they become aware of any medical condition or take medication that might affect their ability to drive
- Promptly report defects, hazards and concerns to management.

Personal Safety – Staying Safe In Your Vehicle

Plan Ahead

- Check your route; keep a map in the vehicle
- Check if the place you are visiting has parking. If not, try and use a manned, well-lit car park
- Check you have enough fuel
- Check basic vehicle maintenance, i.e. oil, water, tyre pressure etc
- Check vehicle breakdown cover and keep the number with you
- Check you have something in the vehicle to keep you warm, e.g. coat or blanket, bottle of water, food snack and a torch in the event of unexpected, lengthy delay due to road traffic accident or inclement weather
- Ensure your office know where you are travelling to, whom you are meeting, and your expected time of return. Inform them if you change your journey plan
- Take a mobile phone with you and ensure it is fully charged (do not use the phone whilst driving)
- Keep any valuables, including handbags, mobile phones and laptops out of sight. They can easily be snatched when you stop at traffic lights, especially if windows are left open and doors unlocked
- Do not leave luggage or documents on display within your vehicle
- Do not leave the parking ticket on display – unless it is a requirement of the car park facility
- When returning to your vehicle, immediately lock the doors and drive off promptly

- Avoid taking unnecessary risks – be aware - if someone is flagging you down it may not be genuine. You may be as much help by reporting the incident by phone to the emergency services
- Do not get into a vehicle with a stranger, or offer a stranger a lift.

In The Event Of A Vehicle Breakdown

- Try to reach the side of the road and contact the vehicle breakdown services. Advise them if you are female and alone
- Switch on hazard warning lights
- Avoid opening doors or windows to converse with strangers.
- If you decide to get out of the vehicle and await breakdown assistance (this is dependent on how safe you feel outside the vehicle) ensure you take the ignition key with you. Lock all the doors with the exception of the passenger door. This should be left wide open so you can quickly get back into the vehicle. If you breakdown on a motorway hard shoulder it is always advisable to get out of the vehicle and await assistance behind a barrier or away from the road side
- When the breakdown vehicle arrives, check they know your name and have your details – especially if the vehicle you were expecting is not clearly identifiable, e.g.

Electricity

Description

The safe management of electrical installations and equipment is essential to our business. It is therefore imperative that electrical systems and equipment are designed, constructed, selected, maintained and used with care. Not only is there a potential for harm, but loss of power supply could impact our ability to conduct business and force temporary closure.

Associated Hazards

- Direct or indirect contact with live parts, causing shock, burns, heart fibrillation and tissue damage
- Faults that could cause a fire due to equipment overheating
- Fire or explosion where electrical arcing could be the source of ignition
- Contact with overhead lines.

Employer's Responsibilities

With regard to fixed installations FW Solutions Ltd will: -

- Consider the design, construction and selection of electrical equipment for use in the workplace
- Ensure that electrical installations and equipment are installed, maintained, and inspected in accordance with BS 7671 – The IET Wiring Regulations (as amended)
- Review recommendations made by inspecting engineers
- Exchange safety information with contractors to enable compliance with the company's health and safety arrangements
- Identify all main circuit breakers/isolators to ensure relevant persons understand how to isolate the equipment or building services safely in the event of an emergency
- Promote and implement a safe system of work such as a lock-off procedure for isolation of electrical supplies during maintenance, inspection and testing
- Where it is considered necessary, ensure that the design and construction of structures and systems include protection against lightning
- Monitor the condition of electrical equipment, plant and accessories and take appropriate action to prevent danger if faults are identified
- Provide appropriate work equipment such as 110v plant and power tools for harsh environments

- Ensure that employee's who carry out electrical work are trained and competent to do so
- Provide suitable personal protective equipment as necessary, maintain it in good condition and replace damaged or lost items as necessary
- Ensure that tools and equipment meet relevant standards, are CE marked and are suitable and adequate for electrical working
- Maintain secure access to electrical cupboards and fuse boards and keep the areas free of flammable or combustible materials.

Portable equipment and testing

Definition - Equipment, which is not part of a fixed installation but is able to be connected to a fixed installation, or a generator, by means of a flexible cable via a plug and socket assembly.

This includes equipment that is either hand-held or hand operated while connected to the supply, or is intended to be moved while connected to the supply.

FW Solutions Ltd is responsible for ensuring that all portable electrical appliances are maintained in a safe condition and inspected at suitable intervals. Equipment will be marked to identify the date tested. The results of inspections shall be logged and records made available for inspection.

Experience of operating the maintenance system over a period, together with information on faults found, should be used to review the frequency of inspection. It should also be used to review whether and how often equipment and associated leads and plugs should receive a combined inspection and test.

Any defective equipment will be removed from use until it can be repaired/replaced, with remedial action being recorded. All items of equipment that cannot be repaired will be withdrawn from use. Under no circumstances will any makeshift or temporary electrical repairs be made on any electrical equipment.

On occasion, we may hire-in equipment from a reputable supplier. This equipment must be treated the same as company equipment and not subjected to abuse or neglect.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's have a responsibility for: -

- Co-operating with management arrangements for electrical safety in the workplace
- Visually checking equipment before use for any obvious defects such as cable or casing damage or scorch marks
- Reporting any defects, faults or dangerous activities
- Using equipment only in line with the manufacturers operating instructions e.g. jet washer used with additional RCD or RCBO protection

- Complying with safety rules and use work permits/lock out procedures as applicable
- Not bringing personal electrical equipment onto company premises without prior authorisation from management. If allowed, any such equipment must be tested in accordance with company procedures.
- Gaining permission before using extension leads or adaptors.
- Switching off any non-critical equipment when not in use.
- Not attempting repairs to electrical appliances or circuits unless qualified to do so.
- Exercising caution when placing drinks near to appliances or power outlets.

Emergency Plans

Description

As part of our overall Health & Safety Management plan we will create not only a safe working environment but provide a suitable and sufficient means of controlling emergency situations, e.g. rescuing or retrieving persons who may become unavoidably trapped, collapse of a structure or uncontrolled release of a substance etc.

This will not however diminish any responsibility on our part, to do all that is reasonably practicable to prevent such an event occurring in the first place.

Associated Hazards

- Fire and explosion
- Flooding
- Asphyxiation
- Working at height or in confined spaces
- Hazardous substances
- Collapse of structures and excavations
- Bomb threat
- Spillage.

Employer's Responsibilities

- Undertake risk assessments for significant workplace activities and develop emergency plans and procedures before work commences
- Assign responsibilities for controlling and dealing with emergencies ensuring that responsible people are trained and competent in their role
- Where applicable, liaise with principal contractors, client representatives, safety representatives, external emergency services, and local authorities, regarding the emergency plans
- Provide clear systems for contacting the emergency services
- Provide information, instruction and training to employee's and contractors on the emergency arrangements including escape routes, muster points (alternative muster points used in the event of a bomb threat) and shut down procedures etc
- Make arrangements to recover and treat injured people
- Undertake emergency practice drills

- Ensure that any equipment used as part of the emergency plan such as first aid, fire fighting, fire detection, alarms, gas release detection, communication systems, lighting, signage and rescue equipment are maintained and that persons are trained and competent in using such equipment
- Ensure that emergency routes are clearly defined, kept clear, well-lit and that there is suitable access for emergency services
- Investigate all emergency situations
- Develop a strategy for dealing with the media.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Co-operate and follow directions of responsible persons in order to comply with the emergency procedures
- Attend training in the actions to be taken in the event of an emergency
- Raise the alarm on discovering an emergency situation
- Only use emergency equipment if trained and authorised to use such equipment
- Report immediately any faults, damage to emergency equipment or concerns with emergency plans.

Epilepsy

Description

Epilepsy is defined as having repeated seizures, which start in the brain. A brief disturbance to the brain's normal electrical activity causes the nerve cells to fire off random signals. The result is like an electrical storm that causes a temporary overload in the brain.

There are many different kinds of seizure. Some end in seconds while others may last several minutes. People affected might lose awareness of what is happening or where they are during a seizure and they may lose consciousness altogether. Each person's experience of epilepsy is unique.

Recognition Of Minor Epilepsy

- Sudden 'switching off'; the casualty may be staring blankly ahead
- Slight and localised twitching or jerking of the lips, eyelids, head or limbs
- Odd 'automatic' movements such as lip smacking, chewing, or making noises.

Associated Hazards

Some jobs can carry considerable risk to a person who has frequent seizures and their colleagues. These can include working:

- At heights, underground or by open water
- On heavy, unguarded machinery or driving
- With hot ovens or open fires
- With high voltage / open circuit electricity.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd is aware that people who are epileptic may not wish to reveal their health problem. However, workplace adjustments can only be made if the individual is willing to let the employer know about the disability. Disclosure should help the individual in their job and facilitate help and support from management and colleagues.

FW Solutions Ltd will:

- Carry out a risk assessment of each job (including lone working) to determine whether there are any significant health and safety risks, taking into account individual circumstances such as epilepsy
- Introduce the appropriate control measures to remove the risk or manage it
- Meet the cost of making reasonable adjustments, depending on the nature of the adjustment

- Permit employee's with epilepsy to organise their work area and work time themselves, except in exceptional cases where it is operationally impossible
- Allow more time and greater flexibility for induction training and choose the location for this carefully
- Establish procedures for dealing with a seizure in conjunction with the affected employee's
- Allow special leave for counselling, management sessions, or treatment
- Identify any specific training needs of the individual
- Make provision for epileptic employee's within the arrangements for first aid, fire and emergency evacuation.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Co-operate with the employer in relation to health and safety arrangements
- Follow any training, guidance and instruction
- Report any accident or incident to the employer.

Employee's suffering from Epilepsy have an additional duty to:

- Alert the employer if his/her epilepsy is having an adverse effect on his/her day-to-day ability to work
- Where necessary, to inform the employer if the condition could increase the risk of an accident at work
- If part of your job includes driving, to notify the employer and the DVLA if receiving treatment or tablets. Notification to the DVLA is a strict legal requirement
- To follow any training, guidance and instruction provided by the employer.

Fire

Description

Fire prevention is an important obligation for all businesses. FW Solutions Ltd has a responsibility for ensuring the health, safety and welfare of all employee's and others who may have access to the workplace as well as adjoining businesses or premises. These general duties include safety in relation to fire hazards, both from the work processes and activities, as well as general fire safety in the workplace.

It is the responsibility of FW Solutions Ltd to ensure that all employee's, visitors, relevant persons and contractors are protected from the risks of fire. In order to achieve this, appropriate fire prevention, precautionary and evacuation measures shall be taken in compliance with the relevant fire legislation and recognised good practice standards.

Associated Hazards

- Flames and heat
- Smoke and toxic fumes
- Reduced oxygen
- Collapse of buildings.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that:

- All employee's receive comprehensive induction before commencing work, to ensure that they are fully aware of all the arrangements in place to facilitate a safe evacuation
- A fire risk assessment for the relevant premises* is undertaken (and regularly reviewed) which clearly sets out identified control measures
- * Note: either employers or persons in control of the premises have a duty to carry out a fire risk assessment
- A register of employee's is kept up-to-date and will be taken to the fire assembly point in the event of an evacuation
- It takes account of people with disabilities when determining fire safety arrangements and evacuation procedures for buildings under its control
- The requirements for employee's training in fire safety are adhered to
- A fire logbook is kept up-to-date and that it is available, on request, to the enforcement agencies
- The fire alarm and all associated equipment is tested in line with current guidance and tests are recorded in the fire logbook

- All fire-fighting equipment is tested on a regular basis as per the manufacturer's guidelines and records kept
- A fire evacuation drill is carried out at least annually which will be recorded in the fire logbook
- Any emergency lighting and emergency exit lights are tested according to current guidelines and tests recorded
- All hazardous chemicals, gases and other hazardous materials are recorded and an inventory kept for information/inspection by the enforcing authorities
- A regular check is made to ensure escape routes and doors are not obstructed. Fire exit doors should be unlocked and available for use at all times when persons are in the building. Fire doors should be closed at all times and not wedged open
- Where dangerous substances (classified as explosive, oxidising, extremely flammable, highly flammable) can cause harm from fire or explosion and are stored or used in the workplace, a competent person will need to prepare and implement a suitable and sufficient risk assessment and comply with the requirements of the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations, DSEAR.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's are required to:

- Practice and promote fire prevention
- Raise the alarm on discovery of a fire
- Report any concerns regarding fire safety to management, so that any shortfalls can be investigated and remedial action taken
- Receive basic training in the action to take in the event of fire
- Follow instructions and training in relation to fire safety in the workplace
- Co-operate with management arrangements for fire prevention in the workplace
- Accept individual responsibility to take reasonable care for the health and safety of themselves and for any other person who may be affected by their acts or omissions.

FW Solutions Ltd does not expect employee's to fight fires, however, extinguishing action can be undertaken if it is safe to do so and you have been trained. On no account should a closed room be opened to fight a fire.

Fire Action

If You Discover A Fire

- Immediately operate the nearest alarm call point or notify the senior person present
- Attack the fire (only if trained and if safe to do so) with the appliances provided. **Do not take personal risks.**

The Senior Person Present will call the fire service immediately by:

- Using the phone to dial 999
- Giving the operator the telephone number and asking for the fire service.

When the fire service reply, give the response distinctly:

- Give the company name and location (as per Fire Action Notice / Fire Plan) to the operator from which the call is being made
- Do not replace the receiver until the fire service has confirmed the details.

Call the fire service immediately to every fire or on suspicion of a fire.

On Notification Of A Fire

- The Senior Person Present will take charge of the evacuation and ensure that everybody is accounted for
- As soon as the alarm is heard, all non-essential personnel and visitors will leave the building by the nearest available exit and proceed to the nominated fire assembly point as identified on the fire action notices
- Remaining personnel will proceed with the phased evacuation of young people to an area of safety.

The Senior Person Present will liaise with the fire officer in attendance, and arrange such assistance as the fire service may require.

Use the nearest available exit.

Do not stop to collect personal belongings.

Do not re-enter the building until told to do so by the Senior Fire Officer.

In the event of a fire, the safety of a life shall override all other considerations, such as saving property or extinguishing the fire.

First Aid In The Workplace

Description

People at work can sustain an injury or become ill and it is important that they receive immediate attention and that an ambulance is called for in serious situations. The provision of adequate first aid cover is essential, it can save lives and prevent minor injuries becoming major ones.

Associated Hazards

- Bodily injuries: blows, cuts, impact, crushing, stabs, cuts, grazes, scalds, falls
- Illnesses: asthma, diabetes, epilepsy etc.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:

Carry out a first aid risk assessment for each workplace to identify:

- The level of first aid cover required, e.g. 'First-Aiders' (i.e. those who have either a First Aid at Work or Emergency First Aid at Work certificate) or 'Appointed Persons'. Consideration will be given to cover annual leave, sickness etc
- First aid equipment and facilities
- Emergency procedures
- Ensure employee's are aware and kept aware of the first aid arrangements for each workplace including in vehicles and on third party premises
- Provide the minimum numbers of first aid personnel at all times
- Display the names of trained first aiders and the location of first aid kits
- Regularly monitor the contents of first aid kits and replenish stock
- Provide training and refresher training of First Aiders and Appointed Persons
- Dispose of contaminated waste properly.

First Aid Kits In Vehicles

Where at-risk employee's travel in and operate from a specific vehicle, the First Aid kit may be allocated to the vehicle (where it must remain) rather than an individual. The contents of these first aid kits must be monitored.

First Aid Provision For Non-Employee's

Whilst the Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations place a duty on employers to make provision for their own employee's, there is no legal responsibility towards non-employee's. However, the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) strongly recommends they be included in an organisation's first aid provision. Therefore, when calculating the number of First Aiders for a workplace, the number of persons that may use or be present in the building at any one time should be taken into account.

First-Aiders Are Responsible For:

- Undertaking an appropriate training course and, if required, attending refresher courses annually
- Ensuring that their First Aid at Work or Emergency First Aid at Work Certificate is kept up to date
- Assessing the immediate situation where first aid is being applied, acting without placing themselves or others in danger and making the area safe
- Administering first aid as required but within their capabilities. Where there is any doubt, managing the situation while waiting for medical assistance to arrive.

Appointed Persons Are Responsible For:

- Calling for the appropriate medical assistance
- Keeping first aid signs up to date and legible
- Ensuring first aid kits are checked regularly and contents are in date
- Notifying the designated person if there are any entries in the accident book.

Employee's Responsibilities

To reduce the risks of suffering personal injury or delay in getting treatment, employee's must:

- Co-operate with management arrangements for first aid in the workplace
- Know the procedure for summoning help
- Follow any guidance or instruction given, to prevent injury or ill health
- Report any hazardous or dangerous situations to the employer.

Glass and Glazing

Description

The Health and Safety at Work etc Act does not specifically mention glazing, but the introduction of the Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations included requirements for glazing, for which the duty to comply will fall to the Company.

Associated Hazards

- Cuts and lacerations from exposed edges or broken glass panels
- Eye injuries from small flying glass particles
- Food contamination
- Light fitting breakages.

Employer's Responsibilities

- A risk assessment will be undertaken in respect of all window or other translucent surface in a wall, partition, gate or door to establish whether there

is a risk of anyone being hurt if people or objects come into contact with it, or it breaks

- Carry out visual maintenance checks for integrity of glass structures.
- Ensuring that where there is potential for an individual to fall through the window at height, measures are implemented to prevent people or objects coming into contact with the glazing
- Ensuring that glass for windows and patio doors be constructed of safety glass to a recognised standard or alternatively be fitted with suitable safety film that prevents the glass from shattering with attention given to low level, door, adjacent to doors and partition glazing.
- Windows will also be clearly marked in a prominent position with manifestations to prevent people colliding with them when they are closed
- Any windows that are accessible to pedestrians above ground level, and could result in personal injury due to a fall from height, will be fitted with suitable tamperproof restrictors to prevent the window being opened to such an extent that someone could climb through and/or fall. In order that adequate natural ventilation is allowed into the room the opening gap will be restricted to approximately 100mm. Such restrictors must be regularly checked and the checks documented;
- Where necessary, traffic routes will be reorganised (either for people or vehicles) to avoid the risk of glazing being broken by impact.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Cordon off access and report all damaged or broken glazing
- All accidents and incidents must be reported as per the Company accident reporting procedure.

Hand Protection – Latex Gloves

Description

Latex products are durable and flexible, affording a high degree of protection against micro-organisms, simultaneously giving the wearer sensitivity and control. However, health risks associated with exposure to natural rubber latex (NRL) have been increasingly recognised.

Associated Hazards

Exposure to NRL proteins can lead to a number of health problems including:

- Irritant contact dermatitis – redness, soreness, dryness or cracking of the skin exposed to latex. The symptoms could be due to contact with the product. Occasionally symptoms will disappear when contact ceases and will not reoccur
- Allergic reaction (Type I) – local or generalised rash; inflammation of the mucous membranes in the nose, red and swollen eyes with discharge and asthma-like symptoms. The effects occur almost immediately and in rare cases cause a severe reaction known as ‘anaphylactic shock’
- Allergic Reaction (Type IV) – Dermatitis and itching with oozing red blisters, localised to the hands and arms and occurring within 10-24 hours after exposure, can worsen over the following 72 hours. Chemical additives used in the NRL manufacturing process can cause this allergic response
- Skin sensitisation - The amount of latex exposure required to produce sensitisation is unknown and a product capable of causing sensitisation is also capable of causing an allergic reaction in certain people. Once sensitisation has taken place, even the slightest trace will cause symptoms to recur
- Respiratory sensitisation - Proteins in latex gloves can leak into the powder in powdered gloves. The powder can become airborne and subsequently inhaled when the gloves are removed.

Employer’s Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:

- Ensure that a risk assessment is undertaken to identify whether latex gloves are required. A further, more specific individual risk assessment will be carried out where employee's are identified as allergic to latex
- Ensure that where single-use disposable NRL powdered gloves are necessary, they are low-protein
- Ensure that where gloves are required to be worn as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), alternative non-latex gloves are made available

- Provide the necessary information, instruction, training and supervision to enable employee's to manage latex allergy
- Limit exposure by only wearing gloves when necessary
- Inform all staff of good hygiene practice, such as washing hands after removing the gloves and that barrier creams should not be applied when wearing latex gloves
- Complete a health surveillance questionnaire for all employee's using latex products. This questionnaire will be issued on commencement of employment
- Protect employee's who have been sensitised to latex, e.g. provide non-latex products.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Comply with this policy and follow the associated protocols/procedures/safe systems of work within their areas of work and responsibility
- Wear non-latex gloves where possible according to control measures identified in risk assessments
- Minimise the time that gloves are worn
- Report any allergic reactions to Management
- Ensure that gloves are in good condition when worn and regularly replaced as required
- Dispose of gloves in accordance with the company waste procedures.

Hazard Reporting

Description

A hazard is something that has the potential to cause harm, ill health or injury. The associated risk is the likelihood that a hazard will cause harm, during the course of the work activity, and the severity of any potential injury.

Associated Hazards

- Tripping on trailing wires or loose floor coverings
- Faulty electrical fittings
- Unguarded edges
- Obstructed emergency exit routes.

Note - This list of hazards is not exhaustive.

Employer's Responsibilities

- FW Solutions Ltd accepts that some of its work activities could, unless properly controlled, create hazards to employee's and other people. To reduce the likelihood of injury or loss we will take all reasonable steps to reduce the risks to an acceptable level.
- Consequently, FW Solutions Ltd will inform employee's of likely hazards by means of risk assessments, information, instruction, signage, training and documentation.
- To aid the recording of hazardous situations FW Solutions Ltd has implemented a hazard reporting procedure for employee's, this will encourage safety awareness in the workplace. By encouraging the workforce to use these systems, accidents should be reduced which will lead to a safer working environment and more positive safety culture. In turn, this should improve the attitude of the workforce towards safety.

Hazard reporting includes 'near miss' reporting. Near misses are hazardous incidents with the potential to cause an injury or damage, e.g. employee tripped over a trailing cable but no actual injury occurred.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Employee's will use the employer's hazard reporting system as a means of communicating potentially dangerous situations or practices that may be present in the workplace

- When a hazard has been identified it must be reported immediately to your supervisor. It is their duty to assess the situation and introduce the necessary control measures, so far as reasonably practicable, to prevent injury or unsafe conditions.

Health Surveillance

Description

Health surveillance is conducted by observing and communicating and systematically watching for early signs of work-related ill health in workers exposed to certain health risk. Health surveillance is essential if there is an identifiable disease or adverse health effect which is related to the employee's exposure to a health risk, where this has been identified by a risk assessment.

Health surveillance is necessary where: -

- There is an identifiable disease or health condition may occur
- There are valid techniques available to detect the early signs of the disease or health effect
- and these techniques do not pose a risk to employee's.

It requires the implementation of certain procedures to achieve this, including simple methods carried out by employer who has been trained (e.g. looking for skin damage on hands), or issuing health screening questionnaires, or technical checks (e.g. audiology tests) undertaken by an occupational health professional or more involved medical examinations (e.g. lung function tests).

Some hazardous substances will require health surveillance as a condition of use e.g. lead, asbestos, ionising radiation.

Health surveillance records should be kept confidential by Human Resources or an occupational health professional for forty years and include: -

- Surname and forename
- Permanent address
- Sex
- Date of birth
- National Insurance Number
- Date of commencement of present employment
- A historical record of jobs involving exposure to the hazardous substances requiring the health surveillance.

Recorded details of each health surveillance check should include:

- the date they were carried out and by whom
- the outcome of the test/check

- the decision made by the occupational health professional in terms of fitness for task and any restrictions required. This should be factual and only relate to the employee's functional ability and fitness for specific work, with any advised restrictions.

Associated Hazards

- Noise
- Whole body or hand-arm vibration
- Solvents
- Fumes
- Dusts
- Biological agents
- Other hazardous substances
- Silica dust
- Asbestos
- Work in compressed air
- Ionising radiation
- Diving
- Electromagnetic Field
- Metal working fluids
- Confined space
- Lead
- Night work
- Welding fume

Health Effects

Examples include:-

- Dermatitis
- Occupational Asthma
- Hand arm vibration
- Asbestosis

- Hearing loss

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will: -

- Carry out a risk assessment to ensure appropriate risk assessments take into account health surveillance requirements to identify the health hazards within the workplace and communicate the findings to appropriate employee's
- Ensure that resources are available for health surveillance needs
- Appoint competent people to assist with health surveillance
- Take any necessary measures to remedy any risks found as a result of the assessment
- Ensure that all employee's, including new employee's are included in health surveillance programmes
- Ensure that employee's transferring to different work activities are included in the health surveillance programme if required
- Provide employee's with relevant information, instruction and training
- Communicate the results of health surveillance to relevant employee's
- Ensure that employee's and their representatives are consulted on the need and procedures for health surveillance
- Ensure that personal files are kept up-to-date
- Ensure that employee's attend the health surveillance programme
- Ensure that sickness absence is monitored, and employee's are referred to management if the reason for absence is thought to be work-related
- Provide personal protective equipment where required
- Monitor and review the effectiveness of the arrangements
- All occupational health issues should be reported to senior manager for escalation.

Employee's Responsibilities

All employee's will: -

- Advise Senior Manager of any significant health issues
- Report any significant changes in their health to Senior Manager in intervals between health surveillance sessions

- Cooperate with health surveillance programmes where a risk assessment has established the requirement
- Cooperate with other risk reduction measures for the protection of their health
- Attend health surveillance appointments or organise in advance for a change of appointment time if original is inconvenient
- Attend appropriate training in relation to workplace hazards and health surveillance.

Housekeeping

Description

Poor standards of housekeeping are a common cause of injury and damage at work and can create possible fire hazards. Unsatisfactory housekeeping is often the result of poor working practices, lack of direct supervision and/or organisational deficiencies within the workplace.

Associated Hazards

- Fire
- Slipping, tripping/falling over
- Poor cleanliness
- Dirty equipment
- Cluttered pedestrian gangways.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:

- Carry out a risk assessment in relation to housekeeping within the company and introduce control measures as appropriate
- Take any necessary measures to remedy any risks found as a result of the assessment and ensure employee's are aware of the risks
- Implement steps for the maintenance, cleaning and repair of the premises
- Train employee's to be aware of their responsibilities for ensuring that hazards are not created from their work or equipment
- Re-assess housekeeping as necessary if work processes change.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's must:

- Co-operate with management arrangements for good housekeeping in the workplace
- Follow any guidance and instruction given to prevent injury or ill health
- Report to the employer any hazardous or dangerous situations.

Information, Instruction, Supervision and Training

Description

Preventing accidents and ill health caused by work is a key priority for FW Solutions Ltd. Health and safety information, instruction, supervision and training helps the Company to ensure our employee's are not injured or made ill by the work they do; promotes a positive safety culture, where safe and healthy working becomes second nature to everyone; and enables the Company to meet its legal duty to protect the health and safety of our employee's.

Employer's Responsibilities

- Consult with relevant persons to identify the information, instruction, supervision and training required, taking into account the level of skills,

knowledge and experience required, the risks identified in the workplace and any relevant, specific individual needs

- Undertake a training needs assessment for all employee's and provide the necessary training identified
- Ensure that the demands of the job do not exceed the employee's ability to carry out their work without risks to themselves and others
- Prioritise information, instruction, training and supervision based on risk assessment and ensure that any high risk needs are met first
- Determine the most suitable method for delivery of the information, instruction and training, including the use of internal and external providers
- Assess the suitability of the information, instruction, supervision and training and its effect on the employee and/or the business to enable changes, modifications or additions to be made if required.

Specifically, FW Solutions Ltd will provide information, instruction, supervision and training for employee's: -

- On recruitment/induction
- When moving persons to another task or promotion
- When the workplace environment, process, equipment or system of work is changed
- If a review of risk assessments, safe systems of work and training needs determines a refresher program is required.

Suitable records will be maintained of all information, instruction and training provided.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will: –

- Attend any training courses identified as necessary
- Follow training, guidance and instruction to prevent injury or ill health
- Only undertake duties if they have been deemed competent to do so following suitable instruction and training
- Report to their line manager any hazardous or dangerous situations.

Lighting

Description

Providing adequate lighting levels to enable people to work is a basic necessity. Good lighting that considers physiological and psychological needs of employee's will create a work environment that is welcoming, energising and productive.

Associated Hazards

- Bodily injuries
- Slipping/falling over
- Electrical hazards
- Poor housekeeping.

Employer's Responsibilities

To safeguard employee's and visitors from the potential hazards presented by inadequate lighting, FW Solutions Ltd will: –

- Carry out an assessment of lighting in the workplace to determine whether it is suitable. This will take into account employee's with visual limitations together with the needs of older people
- Take any necessary measures to remedy any risks found as a result of the assessment
- Train employee's on how to adjust for proper lighting in their jobs to prevent visual fatigue
- Ensure that work is carried out by natural light wherever possible
- Take precautions against glare
- Ensure that lights are positioned to avoid risks to health and safety (fire etc)
- Ensure that supplementary lighting is provided, as necessary
- Ensure that safe access is provided in order to clean or replace the lights or windows
- Develop safe systems of work for such cleaning or replacement.

The following recommended standards may be adopted by FW Solutions Ltd:–

- Outdoor lighting, especially where personal security is an issue - 20 lux, constantly maintained

- Loading bays and outdoor work areas - 50 lux
- Work requiring limited perception of detail - 100 lux
- Local lighting at individual workstations - 200-500 lux with no sources of glare (i.e. direct sunlight, unshaded light-bulbs etc)
- Staircases and escalators - 300 lux, lit to provide good contrast between the treads and risers of the steps
- Cellars and storerooms - 300 lux
- Crossing points on traffic routes - 300 lux, constantly maintained.

Emergency Lighting

Emergency lighting may be needed to illuminate an escape route in an emergency evacuation (escape lighting), or to allow continued working or help evacuation of areas deficient in natural light, should the normal lighting fail (standby lighting).

Escape lighting will be provided to: –

- Clearly indicate the escape route
- Allow safe movement along the route and through exits
- Ensure fire-fighting equipment, call-points and other emergency gear can be readily located and any instructions seen.

Escape lighting should come on within five seconds of the failure of normal lighting, and provide at least 1-lux luminance at floor level. While this will seem 'gloomy', it is sufficient for safe movement during an emergency. The aim is to provide a similar level of lighting as moonlight.

The area immediately outside the final exit should be illuminated, to help dispersal of those leaving the premises in a hurry during night-time hours. For most purposes, a back-up lighting duration of between one and three hours should be satisfactory.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's must: -

- Report any defective lighting to the employer
- Report any discomfort experienced as a consequence of lighting in the workplace
- Co-operate with management arrangements for workplace lighting.

Lone Working

Description

Lone workers can be anyone who works by his/herself without direct contact or supervision. Examples include: - a person working on their own in a workshop, home workers, persons working in an office on their own, persons working outside normal hours on their own and mobile or peripatetic workers.

Associated Hazards

- Accidents
- Fire
- Inadequate provision of rest, hygiene and welfare
- Violence whilst at work
- Manual handling activities
- Transport breakdown/accident en route
- Severe weather conditions
- Tracing of home address through vehicle registration
- Injury received whilst entering unsafe premises
- Poor visibility and lighting.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd realise that there may be concerns surrounding lone working, to allay these fears we will: -

- Identify all employee's who are lone workers
- Make a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risk to the health and safety of these employee's and others who may be affected
- Identify the preventative and protective measures needed, so far as is reasonably practicable
- Provide adequate security for lone workers, e.g. locks, CCTV
- Ensure that mechanisms are in place to account for and trace the whereabouts of employee's who work alone and that these systems are regularly checked
- Ensure that training in interpersonal skills, managing aggression and personal safety, that emphasises prevention and the continual assessment of risk is in place and available to employee's

- Check that lone workers have no medical conditions, which make them unsuitable for working alone
- Supervision of lone workers will be provided which will be based upon the findings of the risk assessment
- Establish emergency procedures in consultation with employee's
- Consider installing or providing devices to raise an alarm in the event of an emergency, e.g. mobile phones, panic alarms, 'man- down' systems
- Provide access to first aid facilities as identified by the work activity risk assessment
- Ensure that appropriate support is given to employee's following an incident
- Ensure lone workers are covered by the Employer's liability insurance cover.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's who are recognised as lone workers, must: -

- Co-operate with the employer by following rules and procedures designed to protect their safety as a lone worker
- Attend personal safety training programmes as directed by the employer
- Provide information on their whereabouts during working hours to the employer
- Report all incidents relating to lone working using FW Solutions Ltd reporting procedure.

Maintenance

Description

Every year, there are a number of accidents arising from the use of work equipment, including machinery. Many are serious and some are fatal.

By using safe, well maintained equipment, operated by adequately trained employee's, accidents and associated financial costs can be reduced or prevented. Maintenance includes cleaning and adjusting.

Associated Hazards

- Scheduled maintenance not being undertaken as required or breakdown maintenance inadequate, leading to unrevealed failures of safety critical items
- Human error or incompetence of maintenance employee's
- Static or spark discharge during maintenance in an intrinsically safe zone
- Poor communication between maintenance employee's and employee's
- Lack of knowledge by maintenance employee's of the working environment where maintenance is being carried out (i.e. lack of risk assessments, warning signs, method statements, emergency procedures), leading to ignition of flammable substances (e.g. heat sources such as cigarettes or welding, static and electrical discharge, use of non spark-resistant tools) or injury/fatality from incorrect personal protective equipment (e.g. respirators) being worn
- Unauthorised employee's performing maintenance functions
- Failure to re-commission plant correctly after maintenance to ensure that operations are not adversely affected in terms of safety considerations.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will: -

- Undertake suitable and sufficient risk assessments, identifying how equipment should be isolated prior to carrying out any maintenance work and which identify how heavy parts of machinery will be moved
- Implement the appropriate measures for the protection of anyone undertaking maintenance operations when the assessment has indicated that the task involves significant risk to health or safety
- Ensure that all work equipment is maintained and kept in good working order and where necessary, a written maintenance log kept up-to-date
- Ensure that all persons who maintain, supervise or manage maintenance work are competent to do so

- Establish safety rules for how maintenance tasks are performed
- Ensure the use of extension tools that preclude employee exposure to moving parts of machinery whilst cleaning, unjamming, lubricating etc. FW Solutions Ltd will also provide training in their use
- Ensure that all employee's are fully aware of reporting procedures so that a responsible person can be informed of any problems or implement any necessary remedial action
- Seek assurance of exclusivity of control if the machinery must be energised during adjustment, unjamming or other maintenance
- Supply all necessary personal protective equipment that is required to be worn when the maintenance work is being undertaken
- Ensure that lockout procedures are in place, which require that all sources of electrical, mechanical, hydraulic or pneumatic energy are isolated from the machine by physically locking out and applying warning signs or tags
- Ensure that employee's are trained and qualified to use the lockout procedure.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's must: -

- Follow instruction, guidance and safe systems of work in respect of machinery maintenance
- Notify the employer of any problems or hazards on a machine, such as an unguarded part
- Not carry out any maintenance activities on machinery unless trained to do so
- Co-operate with management arrangements for maintenance of machinery
- Make full and proper use of all PPE that has been issued to them.

Manual Handling

Description

Manual handling injuries can occur wherever people are at work. Manual labour, awkward postures, manual materials handling and previous or existing injury are all risk factors implicated in the development of manual handling injuries. Manual handling is defined as the supporting and transporting of a load by human effort and includes lifting, lowering, pushing, pulling or carrying.

Associated Hazards

- Heavy, unstable or unpredictable loads
- Restrictive working environment
- Uneven or wet floors
- Poor manual handling technique.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that: -

- Manual handling operations that present a risk of injury are identified
- Handling operations which present a risk of injury are avoided, so far as is reasonably practicable, by eliminating the need for the load to be moved or by the introduction of automation or mechanisation
- Those operations that cannot be avoided are assessed using an ergonomic approach that considers the Task, Individual capacity, Load and Environment (TILE) elements to determine the level of risk. The assessment will be recorded to show that it has taken place and to allow for easy review if circumstances change
- Measures required to eliminate the risk, or reduce it to the lowest level that is reasonably practicable, are identified from the information in the risk assessment and are used to implement a safe system of work
- Suitable, fit for purpose equipment including personal protective equipment (PPE) is provided to minimise harm from manual handling tasks
- Any new work that might involve manual handling operations is assessed and safe systems of work are implemented before the work commences
- Annual reviews of assessments are made to ensure that they are still valid but re-assessment is carried out immediately if any of the components of the work situation have changed

- Incidents that result in musculoskeletal injury to employee's are fully investigated and risk assessments and systems of work are reviewed in the light of such incidents
- Employee's recruited to posts involving manual handling are suitable for the work they are required to undertake, that job descriptions sent to applicants for employment include details of manual handling tasks where these are part of requirement of the post, and that employee's in post continue to be suitable for the work
- Suitable information, training and supervision is provided for all employee's engaged in manual handling tasks and that such training is recorded, monitored, evaluated and reviewed
- Sufficient information about loads and environment is given to other employers who have control of workers on the premises and to self-employed contractors that will enable them to meet their responsibilities under the regulations
- Premises outside the regular workplace at which employee's may have to perform manual handling operations are taken into consideration when undertaking a manual handling assessment
- Any specific arrangements for complying with the Regulations that are introduced are documented and incorporated into the safety policy.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's involved with manual handling activity should: -

- Follow the safe system of work designed and introduced by the employer and should not deviate from this without good reason
- Not undertake a manual handling activity when a reasonably practicable alternative exists
- Use any mechanical aids that have been provided for their use and for which they have been trained. Any faults with mechanical aids should be immediately reported to the employer
- Assist and co-operate with the process of the assessment of risk
- Assist the employer with the implementation of employee's training, attend training sessions as required and should apply the knowledge gained from training to their daily work
- Report all accidents, injuries and near misses involving handling activities – however trivial
- Inform the employer if they are unable to undertake their normal manual handling duties because of injury, illness or any other condition

- Not undertake any manual handling operation that they believe is beyond their capability
- Report any unsafe systems of work to the employer.

Method Statements

Description

A method statement sets out how a particular process, project or activity will be carried out. It is commonly used to describe how construction or installation works will be carried out safely and will detail the possible dangers and risks associated with the project. Risk assessment findings will generally be incorporated into the method statement.

Associated Hazards

- Construction work
- Hazardous substances including dusts
- Asbestos
- Explosives
- Lifting operations
- Demolition work
- Working at height
- Confined spaces
- Adverse weather conditions
- Manual handling operations.

Note: this list is not exhaustive.

Employer's Responsibilities

Following the completion of a risk assessment FW Solutions Ltd may feel it necessary to also compile a method statement to further control the work activity, the statement should include, where relevant: -

- Working systems and methods of control to be used and details of how information is communicated
- Work and site details, key parties involved and contact details
- Arrangements for access e.g. to fragile surfaces
- Methods for safeguarding existing structures
- Structural stability precautions, e.g. temporary shoring arrangements
- Arrangements for the safety of members of the public
- Plant and equipment to be used including personal protective equipment
- Health protection, such as the use of local exhaust ventilation and respiratory protection, where hazardous dusts and fumes could be created
- Health surveillance
- Procedures to ensure compliance with legal requirements under, e.g. the Control of Noise at Work Regulations, Control of Lead at Work Regulations and Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations
- Protection of existing services, e.g. water, gas, electricity, telecommunications which may be affected by work activities
- Welfare facility arrangements
- Emergency procedures

- Any training needs for contractor's employee's and the use of competent persons, and be brought to the attention of all employee's who undertake the work.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's must: -

- Carry out work in accordance with the method statement
- Co-operate with management arrangements in respect of method statements
- Report any uncontrolled hazards to the employer
- Follow instruction, training and guidance given by the employer.

Mobile Telephones

It is an offence for a person to drive a motor vehicle if they cannot have proper control of the vehicle.

The Road Safety Act sets fixed penalty fines and points for using a hand-held phone while driving. Penalties also apply for not having proper control of a vehicle - a measure that can also be used where a driver has been distracted by using a hands-free mobile phone.

If required, hands-free kits will be provided to members of employee's who are required to use mobile telephones whilst working away from the premises.

Under no circumstances are employee's permitted to use hand-held telephones or any similar hand-held device e.g. Personal Data Assistant (PDA) or Palm Pilot whilst driving. The prohibition also applies when stopped at traffic lights or during other hold-ups that may occur during a typical journey when a vehicle can be expected to move off after a short while.

To comply with legislation, it is important that the phone is sat in a cradle (not resting on a seat or in a pocket) fitted in a position that would not distract you from the road during use.

Drivers still risk prosecution (for failure to have proper control) even if they use hands-free phones when driving.

The following guidance is given to all drivers who are required to use mobile phone hands-free kits: -

- Only use the phone when it is safe to do so
- Understand how your phone operates and utilise the one-touch speed-dial facility
- Only acknowledge incoming calls on a hands-free system, where answering is automatic or one touch button
- Only use short responses and indicate that you will return the call when it is safe to do so

Whenever possible, drivers should delay making outgoing calls whilst travelling.

General Use Of Mobile Phones

Only use the mobile phone when it is essential to do so and do not use the phone any longer than is necessary.

Do not press the telephone to your ear or the side of your head; try to leave a gap between your ear and the handset if possible.

When making calls to, or receiving calls from mobile phones, always ask whether it is safe to speak.

Monitoring, Inspection And Review

Description

There is a legal requirement to monitor and review health and safety arrangements.

This enables organisations to assess how effectively risks are controlled in order to implement improvements, where required, and to develop a positive health and safety culture and safe working environment. The frequency of monitoring and review will be decided by the level of risks, competence of people, legal requirements, results of accidents and recommendations by manufacturers or suppliers of equipment.

Monitoring includes:-

- Checking compliance in following the Health and Safety Policy, control measures stated in risk assessments and safe systems of work
- Inspecting and testing of work equipment
- Inspecting workplace locations and activities
- Checking competence of workers
- Checking the wellbeing and health of workers.

Employer's Responsibilities are to:-

- Prepare and implement a plan for regular monitoring and inspection of health and safety arrangements
- Arrange with Citation Ltd for annual inspections of the workplace and processes to be undertaken
- Monitor employee's health requirements and fitness to work, where applicable, e.g. eye tests, effects of noise and vibration, general fitness etc., as required by risk assessment

- Ensure competent persons regularly inspect, examine and test equipment, where applicable, following manufacturer's recommendations and at intervals, where set by statutory requirements
- Regularly inspect the workplace and activities to ensure a safe working environment
- Regularly check progress in complying with health and safety plans
- Regularly check employee and contractor competence during work activities to ensure they are working safely and are following the requirements of the employee handbooks, instructions, etc
- Review risk assessments at least annually, or where there has been a significant change in tasks, premises layout, equipment or personnel
- Record results of inspections and monitoring that is undertaken, e.g. using Citation stationery templates
- Gather and analyse data about injuries, cases of ill health (including monitoring of sickness absence records) and incidents with the potential to cause injury, ill health or loss. This data provides information about health and safety failures and gives the opportunity to learn from mistakes and to prevent recurrence
- Take any necessary remedial actions to safeguard the health and safety of employee's, contractors, public or visitors where hazards, faults, omissions, non-compliances, lack of training, unsafe activities or conditions are found through complaints, inspection, monitoring and review
- Prioritise when, how and who implements any actions required
- Periodically review the whole of the health and safety management system including the elements of planning, organisation, control and monitoring to ensure that the whole system remains effective and legally compliant.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's must:-

- Check equipment, including any personal protective equipment supplied, is safe before use
- Co-operate with management arrangements in respect of workplace inspections
- Follow any training, information, guidance and instruction given by the employer for checking and inspection of safe practices
- Report any hazards or defects to the employer immediately.

New And Expectant Mothers

Description

FW Solutions Ltd is committed to protecting the health and safety of all new and expectant mothers. The phrase "new and expectant mother" means an employee who is pregnant, or who has given birth within the previous six months or who is breastfeeding. "Given birth" is defined as having delivered a living child or, after 24 weeks of pregnancy, delivered a stillborn child.

Associated Hazards

- Physical agents (e.g. manual handling tasks or noise)
- Biological agents (e.g. infectious diseases)
- Chemical agents (e.g. certain hazardous substances)
- Working conditions (e.g. workload, working alone or stress).

Employer's Responsibilities

To safeguard the health and safety of new and expectant mothers, FW Solutions Ltd will:-

- Consider, in general workplace assessments, any risks to the health and safety of female employee's of childbearing age and, in particular, risks to new and expectant mothers
- Encourage employee's to inform their Manager, as early as possible, if they become pregnant, are breastfeeding or have given birth in the previous six months
- Once notified, carry out a 'new and expectant mother' risk assessment in conjunction with the employee, reviewing the general risk assessments as part of that process, to identify any significant risks that need to be controlled or eliminated to ensure a safe working environment for the employee and her unborn baby
- Regularly review the 'new and expectant mother' risk assessment, taking into account any additional or heightened risks that may occur at different stages throughout the pregnancy and after her return to work. Incorporate into the assessment any advice provided by the employee's GP or midwife
- Provide information, including the results of risk assessments, instruction, training and supervision to, and monitoring of, all new and expectant mothers
- Arrange for frequent rest breaks to be taken by the new or expectant mother
- Provide appropriate facilities for expectant and breastfeeding mothers to rest e.g. rest room equipped with a comfortable chair
- Allow the new or expectant mother to temporarily change her working conditions or hours of work, if necessary, to minimise the risks
- If, despite all practicable measures being taken, FW Solutions Ltd considers that there is an unacceptable risk to a new or expectant mother, or her unborn baby, FW Solutions Ltd will take all reasonably practicable steps to find suitable and appropriate alternative work for her. If none is available, the employee will be medically suspended from employment in accordance with the terms of the Employment Rights Act.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:-

- Report to their employer as soon as pregnancy is confirmed
- Follow advice and information given by their employer in relation to safe working practices

- Report any hazardous situation to their employer so that arrangements for the appropriate remedial action can be taken
- Co-operate with their employer's arrangements for health and safety and use all protective and safety equipment provided.

Noise

Description

Hearing damage caused by exposure to noise at work can be permanent and incurable. Hearing loss is usually gradual due to prolonged exposure to noise.

Associated Hazards

- Hearing damage/loss
- Tinnitus
- Acoustic shock.

Employers are required by the Control of Noise at Work Regulations to comply with the following noise exposure values: -

Lower exposure action values:-

- Daily or weekly exposure of 80dB(A)
- Peak sound pressure of 135dB(C).

Upper exposure action values:-

- Daily or weekly exposure of 85dB(A)
- Peak sound pressure of 137dB(C).

There are also Exposure Limit Values (ELV) which must not be exceeded: -

- Daily or weekly personal noise exposure of 87dB(A)
- Peak sound pressure of 140dB (C).

The ELV should account for any hearing protection provided and worn.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:-

- Identify work equipment and workplace areas where there may be a risk of noise exposure and if necessary, engage the services of a competent person to carry out a noise risk assessment
- Identify those employee's and other workers, who are likely to be at risk from noise exposure particularly new and expectant mothers and young workers
- Not expose employee's above the exposure limit values (ELV)

- If the lower exposure action values are being exceeded make appropriate hearing protection available to employee's
- If the upper exposure action value is being or likely to be reached or exceeded:-
 - develop and implement a formal action plan to reduce the risk to as low as reasonably practicable
 - minimise the noise at source, e.g. modify equipment
 - reduce noise exposure times, e.g. by task planning, job rotation
 - isolate noisy areas, e.g. with use of sound proofing
 - designate hearing protection zones, using specific signage (e.g. as shown below), restrict access and ensure that appropriate hearing protection is being worn in these areas
- Purchase work equipment with the lowest noise levels, where reasonably practicable
- Regularly inspect and maintain work equipment including personal protective equipment (PPE)
- Provide employee's with information, instruction, training and supervision on noise, including its effects on health, control measures, safe systems of work, maintenance of equipment, health surveillance and hearing protection
- Record the findings of noise assessments, including those for which no action was required
- Regularly monitor and review the assessment. Undertake further noise measurements, if necessary, particularly where new equipment or processes, or layout of the workplace change
- Provide hearing checks for all employee's who are regularly exposed to noise levels above the upper exposure action value, or to those who, e.g. have prior partial hearing loss. Maintain records of any hearing checks undertaken
- Identify any likely detrimental health effects arising from synergistic effects or interaction between noise and other agents e.g. vibration.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:-

- Comply with signs and notices that identify hearing protection zones
- Wear hearing protection where its use is mandatory. Use, keep clean and store hearing protection as instructed and as trained to do. Report any faults of the hearing protection to management
- Use the controls provided e.g. screens or dampers and report any defects
- Co-operate and attend for hearing checks where required
- Report any noisy areas or equipment to management.

Occupational Asthma

Description

FW Solutions Ltd recognises that occupational asthma is the most frequently reported occupational respiratory disease in the United Kingdom. To reduce the risks from occupational asthma the company will assess the potential and introduce controls to reduce the risk to an acceptable level.

Associated Hazardous Substances Include

- Isocyanates
- Flour/grain dust
- Wood dusts
- Latex
- Solder flux
- Animals
- Glues or resins.

Employer's Responsibilities

To maintain a safe working environment for all employee's and others who may be affected by our working processes, FW Solutions Ltd will: -

- Identify the hazards – The safety data sheet and product labels may assist. The risk phrase R42 “may cause sensitisation by inhalation” indicates a need to complete a full COSHH assessment
- Decide who may be harmed and how
- Evaluate and monitor the risks - special attention should be paid to the potential of the substance being released into the air
- Implement controls that will prevent the exposure of employee's (and others) to substances with the potential to cause occupational asthma
- Where relevant, set out procedures for responding to a confirmed new case of asthma, which may be occupationally related
- Report any, GP diagnosed, notifiable disease to the enforcing authority
- Provide suitable health surveillance and maintain records for all employee's exposed or liable to be exposed to respiratory sensitisers.

Communicate appropriate information, instruction and training to all persons who may be exposed to substances hazardous to health, this will include: -

- The typical symptoms of asthma
- The nature of any substance used by the company likely to cause occupational asthma
- Information on the nature of sensitisation i.e. once sensitisation occurs it may be permanent and the likely effects of further exposures
- The importance of reporting asthmatic symptoms and details of the actual reporting procedure.

Employee's Responsibilities

- To comply with the information, instruction and training provided
- Wear all personal protective equipment (PPE) as instructed
- Report to the Managing Director if they believe they may have any symptoms relating to asthma.

Sensitisers are unpredictable, it is estimated that only 5-25% of individuals will actually become sensitised. Sensitisation may occur after times of exposure varying from months to years. These arrangements will be implemented and are intended to reduce the risk as low as reasonably practicable.

Personal Safety – Staying Safe In Your Vehicle

Description

There are no hard and fast rules with regards to personal safety as most people will approach a given situation quite differently and have a different perspective on the level of risk they feel exposed to.

There is a greater chance of being hurt in a road accident than becoming a victim of violent crime and people are less likely to become victims of crime whilst they are at work. However, government statistics suggest vehicle related crime is on the increase. For these reasons FW Solutions Ltd provide the following, practical steps to help raise awareness of driver safety whilst at work and at leisure: -

Associated Hazards

- Personal injury
- Theft
- Damage to property.

Plan Ahead

- Check your route; keep a map in the vehicle
- Check if the place you are visiting has parking. If not, try and use a manned, well-lit car park
- Check you have enough fuel
- Check basic vehicle maintenance, i.e. oil, water, tyre pressure etc
- Check vehicle breakdown cover and keep the number with you
- Check you have something in the vehicle to keep you warm e.g. coat or blanket, bottle of water, food snack and a torch in the event of unexpected, lengthy delay due to road traffic accident or inclement weather
- Ensure your office know where you are travelling to, whom you are meeting, and your expected time of return. Inform them if you change your journey plan
- Take a mobile phone with you and ensure it is fully charged (do not use the phone whilst driving)
- Keep any valuables, including handbags, mobile phones and laptops out of sight. They can easily be snatched when you stop at traffic lights, especially if windows are left open and doors unlocked
- Do not leave luggage or documents on display within your vehicle

- Do not leave the parking ticket on display – unless it is a requirement of the car park facility
- When returning to your vehicle, immediately lock the doors and drive off promptly
- Avoid taking unnecessary risks – be aware - if someone is flagging you down it may not be genuine. You may be as much help by reporting the incident by phone to the emergency services
- Do not get into a vehicle with a stranger, or offer a stranger a lift.

In The Event Of A Vehicle Breakdown On The Motorway

- Try to reach the hard shoulder and ring the vehicle breakdown services. Advise them if you are female and alone
- Switch on hazard warning lights
- If someone stops, ring the police and give them the vehicle registration details. If the driver approaches, inform him/her you have contacted the police who will be arriving shortly. Avoid opening doors or windows to converse with strangers
- If you make the decision to get out of your vehicle and await breakdown assistance on the verge at the side of the motorway (this is dependant on how safe you feel outside the vehicle) ensure you take the ignition key with you. Lock all the doors with the exception of the passenger door. This should be left wide open so you can quickly get back into the vehicle
- When the breakdown vehicle arrives, check they know your name and have your details – especially if the vehicle you were expecting is not sign written with your breakdown service colours/livery, for example, AA, RAC etc.

Employer's Responsibilities

- To ensure the health and safety of employee's while at work
- To ensure the health and safety of others who may be affected by work related driving activities
- Compile risk assessments relevant to the work activity.

Employee's Responsibilities

- The road worthiness of the vehicle, the load, and the wearing of seat belts by passengers
- Employee's are responsible for their own safety and welfare and should report any medical conditions that may affect their ability to drive

- Promptly report defects, hazards and concerns to their management.

The intention of the above is to raise awareness of risk and formalise what may be viewed as 'common sense' advice. Following these practical steps, paying attention to your surroundings and remaining vigilant are part of a positive attitude to ensure safety and protect possessions.

Portable Electrical Appliances

Description

Portable electrical appliances are found in most workplaces and include power tools, portable lighting, computer equipment, kitchen appliances, portable heaters and equipment such as cable extension leads. Where equipment is powered from the mains electrical supply there may be a significant electrical hazard that will need to be specifically controlled.

Associated Hazards

- Shock or burns
- Uncontrolled start up of equipment
- Fire or explosion
- Trips and falls.

Employer's Responsibilities

- Undertake a risk assessment for using the applicable portable electrical appliance for the task required and implement suitable safe systems of work to control the risks
- Ensure that trained and competent persons undertake the work
- For equipment connected to power sources either use "double insulated" or earthed cables and ensure cables are protected against damage
- Ensure that equipment is regularly maintained by following the manufacturer's instructions
- Ensure users visually check equipment before and during use
- Regularly undertake, by trained appointed persons, formal visual inspections of the equipment including inspection of the plug and its assembly
- Carry out combined inspection and testing by electrically competent persons at frequencies required by the risk assessment. A register of such inspections will be kept
- Remove from use or arrange for the repair of any appliance that fails any inspection, test or other checks
- Where required by risk assessment, provide additional precautions such as suitably robust residual current devices (RCD's), 110v reduced voltage equipment, etc
- Ensure that the power supply is within the operating range of the appliance

- Ensure that, where provided, guards and protective covers are in place and kept in good condition.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Visually check the equipment before and during use looking for signs of faults, overheating or damage to the equipment including to the wiring, plugs, casing and any guarding
- Immediately stop work if faults are found and report any defects to the supervisor
- Do not carry out any repairs or adjustments to equipment unless trained to do so
- Take care of the equipment that has been provided
- Disconnect the equipment from the supply before making any adjustments
- Ensure that equipment is plugged into the correct supply by an approved method, do not attempt to use a makeshift temporary connection.

Risk Assessment

Description

In many workplaces there are risks, which may affect the health and safety of employee's. There is an absolute duty on employers to 'conduct suitable and sufficient risk assessments' in the workplace, under Regulation 3 of The Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations. In many instances, straightforward measures can control risks, and whilst the law does not expect employers to eliminate all risks, they are required to protect people so far as is reasonably practicable.

Associated Hazards

- Physical, chemical and/or biological agents
- Working conditions and processes
- Manual handling activities
- Exposure to infectious diseases
- Work-related stress
- Long working hours
- Workstations and posture
- Other workplace hazards.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that: -

- Employee's undertaking risk assessments are competent to do so, having undergone suitable training in the risk assessment process
- Identify all hazards with the potential to cause harm to employee's and others who may be affected by our undertaking
- Evaluate the probability and severity of potential injury or damage
- Identify the options for eliminating, reducing or controlling the identified risks and taking the necessary action
- Provide employee's with any additional training identified within the risk assessment process as being a necessary control measure
- Review the risk assessments annually, where they may no longer be valid, or where there has been a significant change in work activities or processes

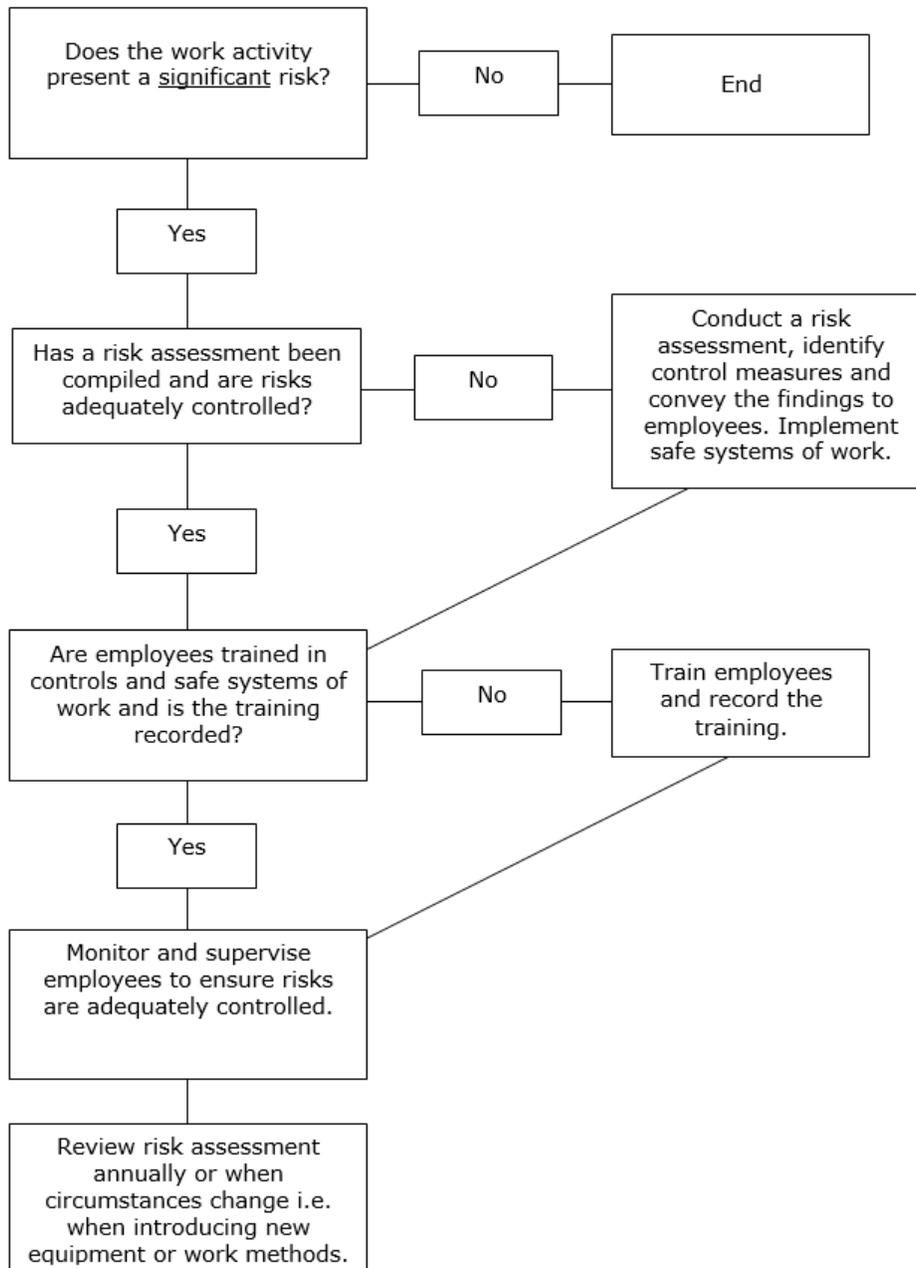
- Keep records of the significant findings of the risk assessments and identify employee's who may be especially at risk
- Provide appropriate health surveillance where there is an identifiable disease or potential adverse health condition related to the work activity
- Provide employee's and employee's of other employers working on the premises with comprehensive and relevant information on risks, preventative and protective measures, emergency procedures and competent persons.

Employee's Responsibilities

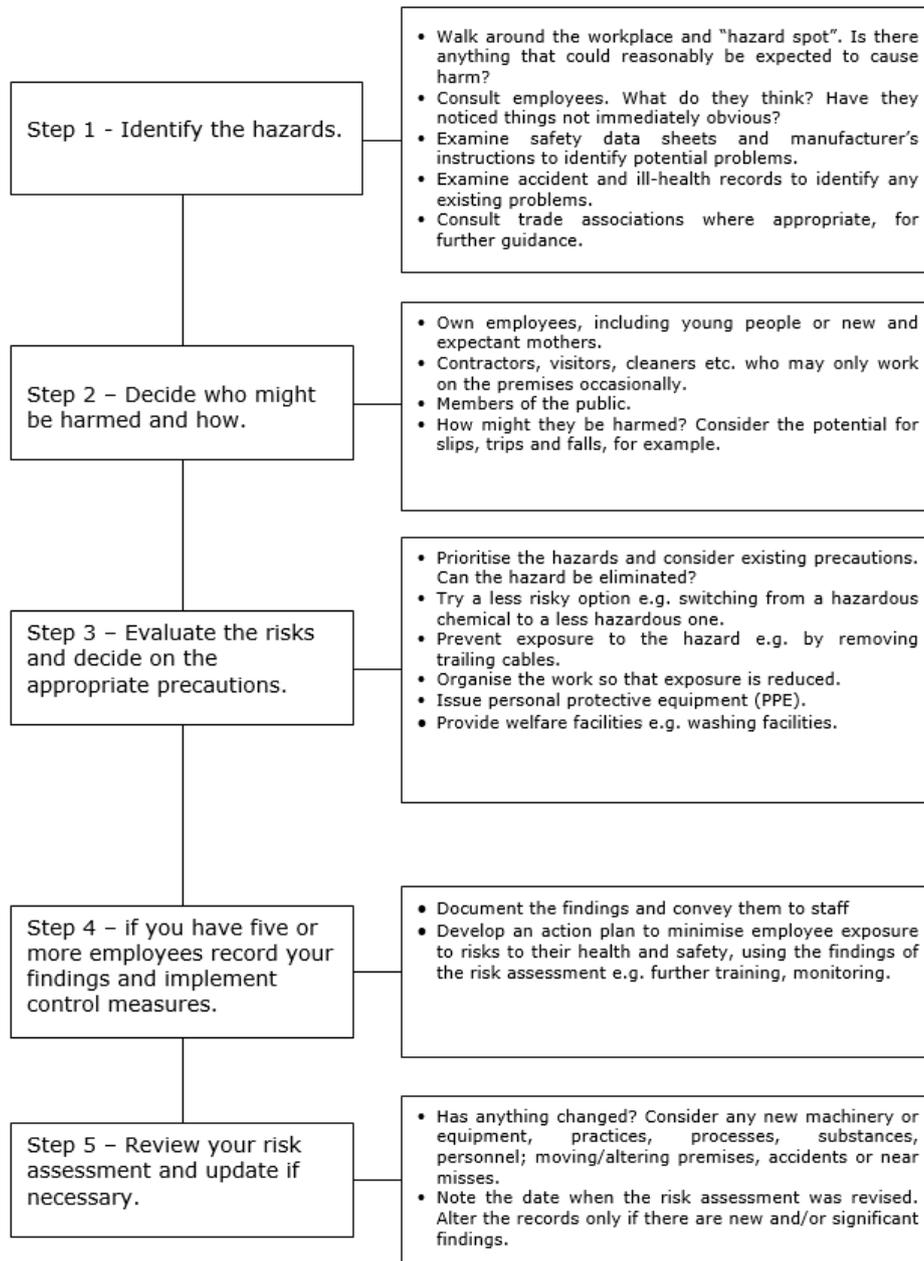
Employee's must: -

- Co-operate with management arrangements in respect of workplace risk assessments
- Follow any training, information, guidance and instruction given by the employer
- Comply with any control measures laid down within risk assessments
- Report any hazards or defects to the employer immediately
- Make full and proper use of any PPE provide.

Risk Assessment Flow Chart



Risk Assessment Process



Safe Systems of Work

Description

A Safe System of Work (SSOW) is the method to be followed to carry out a task, which may be high risk, or involve multiple processes in a safe way. It considers all the foreseeable hazards to health and safety and seeks to eliminate or minimise these risks to as low a level as reasonably practicable.

The safe system of work considers the employee's and others who may be affected, such as visitors and contractors, and provides a formal framework to ensure all the steps necessary for safe working have been anticipated and implemented.

Risk assessment findings will generally be incorporated into the safe system of work.

Hazards

- High risk machinery routine maintenance
- Cleaning and break down of equipment, including blade changes, or other sharps
- Normal high-risk operating processes, including normal manufacturing processes
- Lone working
- Confined spaces
- Complex operations, including electrical installations and work on high voltage systems
- Working at Height
- Substances hazardous to health, including handling, decanting, and use.

Note: this list is not exhaustive.

Employer's Responsibilities

Following the completion of a risk assessment FW Solutions Ltd may feel it necessary to also compile a Safe System of Work to further control the work activity and will communicate those findings to the individuals affected by the operations. The safe system of work should include, where relevant: -

- The sequence of operations to be carried out
- The equipment, plant, machinery, and tools involved
- Chemicals and other substances to which individuals might be exposed in the course of the work
- To consider the need for any permits to work, for example work being carried out on high voltage apparatus, complex machine machinery maintenance
- The people doing the work – their skill and experience
- All foreseeable hazards (Health, Safety, Environmental)
- Practicable precautions, scheduled and statutory maintenance; pre-use checks
- Personal protective equipment required
- Training requirements of those carrying out the operations under the procedure, including re-training
- Documented evidence of communication and confirmation of their understanding, with individuals who might be exposed to risks involved with the task
- Implemented monitoring systems to ensure that the defined precautions are implemented effectively

- Any welfare facility arrangements
- Any emergency procedures.

Employee's Responsibilities

employee's must: -

- Carry out work in accordance with the safe system of work
- Co-operate with management arrangements in the safe system of work
- Report any uncontrolled hazards to the employer
- Follow instruction, training and guidance given by the employer.

Safety Signs

Description

Safety signs include the use of illuminated signs, hand and acoustic signals (e.g. fire alarms), spoken communication and the marking of pipe work containing dangerous substances. Traditional signboards such as prohibition and warning signs may need to be supplemented to comply with more specific legislation, e.g. photo luminescent signs for fire exits and fire-fighting equipment.

FW Solutions Ltd will provide specific safety signs whenever there is a risk that cannot be avoided or controlled by other means, for instance by engineering controls and safe systems of work. Where a safety sign would not help to reduce that risk, or where the risk is not significant, there is no need to provide a sign.

All safety signs are colour coded and each colour has a meaning, for example: -

- White circle with red edging and a diagonal line indicates **PROHIBITED** e.g. no smoking



- Blue signs indicate that it is **MANDATORY** to carry out an action, e.g. the wearing of personal protective equipment



- A triangular sign with black edging and a yellow background indicates **WARNING** of a hazard and would normally contain a black pictogram, e.g. radiation



- Green signs identify or locate safety equipment as well as marking emergency escape routes.



Employer's Responsibilities

The organisation acknowledge that signs must comply with the regulations, however where necessary we may design specific signs to maintain a safe environment.

It is our policy to ensure that any signs that are provided for safety reasons are: –

- Maintained in a good condition
- Positioned in the correct location
- Explained to all members of employee's to ensure that they are aware of the meaning of the signs and the correct actions to be taken.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Familiarise yourself and comply with any signs and notices that are displayed
- Bring any defects to your line manager's attention
- Follow safe procedures
- Wear relevant personal protective equipment as indicated.

Smoking In The Workplace

Description

Second-hand or passive smoking has now been shown to cause lung cancer and heart disease in non-smokers. In addition, tobacco smoke is a cause of discomfort and irritation to many people, particularly those suffering from respiratory illnesses such as asthma, and may lead to increased absence.

FW Solutions Ltd will comply with statutory duties in respect of smoking in the workplace and, in particular, fulfil obligations to assess the risks associated with smoking in the workplace. Effective measures to prevent or control any ill health effects or accidents arising from such activity will be applied.

This policy is not concerned with the right of individuals to smoke but with where they smoke whilst on FW Solutions Ltd's premises and with due regard to the effects this may have upon the health and wellbeing of others.

Associated Hazards

- Health risks including stroke, cancers and heart disease
- Fire damage to building and associated risks to those in and around the premises.

Note: the above list of hazards associated with smoking is not exhaustive.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd shall ensure that a risk assessment will identify: -

- Persons at risk from smoking in the workplace
- Significant risk(s) arising from smoking in the workplace
- Appropriate controls to be implemented.

FW Solutions Ltd are committed to its statement on Health and Safety at Work to take such steps as are reasonably practicable to provide a working environment which is safe and without risks to health.

To help achieve this, FW Solutions Ltd recognises the health issues connected with smoking, not only for smokers, but also for non-smokers affected by inhaling tobacco smoke in the course of their work. To permit exposure where we can control it is contrary to our health and safety philosophy.

FW Solutions Ltd will seek to achieve this objective by applying a series of control measures put forward in the Health and Safety Commission's proposals for an Approved Code of Practice on smoking at work.

The hierarchy of control measures are as follows:-

- Completely banning smoking at work
- Banning smoking except in designated areas
- Having separate smoking and non-smoking areas
- Providing adequate ventilation or adopting a safe system of work.

FW Solutions Ltd will manage the risks arising from smoking in the workplace by:-

- Prohibiting the creation of tobacco smoke. Local employee attitudes and cultures should determine whether to extend the concept of a "smoke-free" environment to a "tobacco-free" environment (e.g. chewing tobacco)
- Endeavouring to provide reasonable assistance and support to employee's who wish to stop smoking e.g. by publicising or making available self-help guides and other health education guidance or promotional material
- Designating specific areas or locations with suitable receptacles to dispose of extinguished smoking materials where smoking is permitted
- Incorporating policy information into new employee's induction
- Consulting with trade unions, safety representatives and employee's to contribute to the provision of a safe and healthy working environment
- Ensuring agreement between smokers and non-smokers. If smokers and non-smokers cannot agree on a common outcome, then in the event of a conflict of interests, non-smokers shall have priority.

In addition, FW Solutions Ltd will manage the risks associated with smoking in the workplace by:-

- Monitoring the effectiveness of the arrangements
- Reviewing these arrangements periodically, and as necessary
- Ensuring that visitors/contractors are made aware of the policy.

Employee's Responsibilities

In order for FW Solutions Ltd to control the hazards associated with the effects of second hand smoke on non-smokers and to reduce the risks of fire, compliance with our arrangements for smoking is critical to the safety of everyone.

Employee's must:-

- Adhere to our arrangements for smoking, follow instructions and comply with 'No Smoking' signage
- Not smoke in any area or vehicle that is designated as 'Non-Smoking'.

Any employee who refuses to comply with the smoking policy may be in breach of employment law and subject to disciplinary action.

Social Distancing

Description

Social Distancing is a Public Health measure introduced to reduce the spread of the highly infectious Covid-19 virus which is the causative agent in the current global pandemic.

Social Distancing measures are in place throughout the whole of society, but it is the responsibility of FW Solutions Ltd to ensure that Social Distancing measures can be implemented and maintained wherever possible throughout the workplace and across all work activities.

Adherence to Social Distancing measures is one of the primary means of controlling the risk of transmission of this infection alongside effective hand and respiratory hygiene measures.

It involves keeping a distance of a "safe social distance" from other persons at all times where possible. In circumstances where it is not possible to maintain this safe social distance there must be further controls in place to mitigate the risk.

As social distancing is the primary control for managing the risk of Covid-19 transmission, interactions with other people should be eliminated or reduced as much as possible. Where able to, a 2m distance should be maintained between people and where this is not possible the distance should be as far as possible and will require additional mitigation measures to reduce the risk of transmission.

The required social distance for businesses is regularly reviewed by the relevant Governments and it is vital that this is reflected in reviewed risk assessments and working practices.

Associated Hazards

Whilst the full extent of the consequences of acquiring the Covid-19 infection are not yet known the range of outcomes include- mild flu-like symptoms such as cough, fever, aches and malaise, (loss of sense of taste or smell) through to serious respiratory distress syndrome, organ failure and death.

Employers Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:-

- Not open or operate if on the current list of prohibited businesses as declared by the Government.
- Not permit persons into the premises who should be self-isolating because either they have symptoms or reside with someone with symptoms. Duration of isolation should be determined from up to date government information.
- Support those who are at higher risk from Covid-19 infection and its complications due to their age, underlying health conditions, because they are

pregnant or if they come from a Black Asian, Ethnic Minority (BAME) background.

- Operate remotely where at all possible to avoid the need for employees to travel into the workplace.
- Carry out a risk assessment of all work activities and workspaces to ensure Social Distancing can be implemented and maintained effectively. Control measures may include:-
 - Remote Working where at all possible
 - Staggered work patterns to reduce the number of personnel on site at any one time
 - Restricted access to common areas
 - Control of visitors and contractors to site
 - Adaption of tasks to allow for one-person completion
 - Prevention of shared of vehicle, workstations and equipment.
- Will implement further control measures where social distancing cannot be successfully implemented or maintained effectively. This may include:-
 - Documented work planning for how task will be carried out to reduce the risk
 - Minimising the time spent within safe social distance
 - Minimising the number of people, where the social distancing is breached.
- Provide adequate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE) as identified in the risk assessment with training on its safe and effective use, storage and disposal.
- Review risk assessments and work plans in response to any changes in Government advice to ensure all working practices adhere to the most recent guidelines.
- Ensure all employees receive information, instruction, training and supervision to ensure awareness and adherence to the Social Distancing Control Measures.
- Ensure that Social Distancing is supported by other effective control measures such as hand hygiene and respiratory hygiene and will make the relevant provisions for these to be effective. This may include:-
 - Provision of adequate hand washing facilities and sanitiser
 - Arrangements and provisions for regular cleaning and disinfection of workplaces and equipment.
- Report to the enforcing authority as required by the Reportable Injuries Diseases and Dangerous Occurrence Regulations (RIDDOR), any instances

where a member of staff receives written confirmation of a Work-Related Covid-19 infection from a medical practitioner.

- Investigate all Covid-19 related incidents and implement any action identified as necessary to prevent a recurrence. Monitor the effectiveness of the actions.
- Ensure employees can attend Covid-19 tests where they are required.

Employee's Responsibilities

- To take care of themselves and others in the workplace where activities give rise to the potential for Covid-19 infection.
- Adhere to Social Distancing by following instructions, signage, markings and training.
- Observe good hygiene practices at all times with frequent hand washing or sanitising for at least 20 seconds- including before and after eating, touching the face, touching common touched surfaces such as buttons, dials, handrail and handles, coughing and sneezing.
- Carry out good respiratory hygiene practices including catching coughs and sneezes in tissues which are disposed of correctly followed by good hand hygiene afterwards.
- Follow the further controls in the risk assessment and work plan methods to ensure that where Social Distancing cannot be maintained the risk is reduced by other means.
- Use, store and dispose of the appropriate PPE and RPE in accordance with training and manufacturers guidelines.
- Report if they feel unwell at work with any of the Covid-19 symptoms and go directly home and follow the current Government / NHS guidance. <https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/self-isolation-and-treatment/when-to-self-isolate-and-what-to-do/>
- Not attend work if they should be self-isolating due to displaying symptoms or residing with someone who is displaying symptoms, if they have been contacted by NHS Test and Trace and asked to isolate or if they are required to due to recent travel and quarantine requirements. Duration of isolation should be determined from up to date government information.
- Report any concerns or issues relating to non-conformance with Social Distancing in the workplace.
- Attend Covid-19 tests where there is a requirement to do so.

Stress

Description

Stress is not a weakness and can affect anyone. FW Solutions Ltd recognises that there is a difference between pressure and stress at work and that taking action to reduce the risk of ill-health, because of work-related stress, leads to the creation of a good working environment and a healthy workforce.

Although a certain amount of pressure can be motivational and enable employee's to perform at their best, it is when too much pressure is experienced, leaving employee's unable to cope, that stress can result.

The Health and Safety Executive has defined stress as 'the adverse reaction a person has to excessive pressure or other types of demand placed upon them'.

Work-related stress can be tackled by Company and its employee's working together to identify sources of stress and how those can be managed.

Sources of stress can include:

- Demands of the role, leading to an unmanageable workload
- Being under challenged or having no autonomy, leading to a lack of job satisfaction or low esteem
- Environmental factors, such as noise, temperature, lone working
- Lack of support from management or colleagues
- Organisational changes and how those are communicated and managed
- Relationships and being subjected to unacceptable behaviours, such as bullying.

Employer's responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:-

- Carry out a risk assessment in conjunction with employee's to identify sources of stress and the associated risks and gather information, such as completed health questionnaires, sickness absence records and exit interview notes to assist in this process.
- Take steps to reduce the risks from work-related stress, as far as is reasonably practicable.
- Put in place a system so that employee's can raise, with their line manager, a health and safety representative or colleague, if they are experiencing work-

related stress or have any concerns about their work environment or instances of unacceptable behaviour.

- Consult with, and communicate to, employee's over any proposed changes to their work patterns or proposed changes to the working environment.
- Encourage employee's to develop new skills to help them achieve their goals.
- Provide employee's with access to support, such as an Employee Assistance Programme/counselling service, advice or training to help reduce work-related stress.

Employee's responsibilities

Employee's will:-

- Follow FW Solutions Ltd reporting procedures if they are experiencing work-related stress. It will be beneficial to do this at an early stage, to prevent a situation from getting worse
- Contribute to the development of any work-related stress risk assessment carried out by the employer
- Read all communications from the employer that concern work related changes and the reasons behind those
- Attend any counselling or stress management training sessions provided by the employer.

Violence And Aggression

Description

FW Solutions Ltd recognises the difficulties in managing violence and aggression at work and aims to put in place steps to identify and minimise risks to support employee's and monitor incidents to help address any potential problems.

The Health and Safety Executive's definition of work-related violence is any incident in which a person is abused, threatened or assaulted in circumstances relating to their work. Employee's whose job requires them to deal with the public can be at risk from violence.

Associated Hazards:-

- Physical attacks
- Verbal abuse.

This may result in:-

- Bodily injury
- Anxiety or stress
- Low morale
- Depression.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will:-

- Carry out a risk assessment in respect of the potential for violence in the workplace. This will be undertaken in consultation with employee's and their representatives, where appropriate
- Instruction and training regarding violence at work will be given to employee's on induction and during other workplace training sessions
- Record all physical and verbal threats to employee's
- Classify all incidents in accordance with HSE's guidelines, using headings such as place, time, type of incident, potential severity, who was involved and possible causes. The company will investigate all complaints, which relate to violence at work
- A risk evaluation will be taken which takes into account the level of training and information provided, the environment and design of the job. The significant findings of the assessment will be recorded

- If there is a violent incident involving employee's, we will provide them with full support, including debriefing, time off work and legal help, where necessary
- Should an employee request a transfer to other duties, such a request should be considered sympathetically, taking into account all the circumstances
- Report the matter to the Police at the employee's request
- Establish monitoring arrangements and if a violent or aggressive incident occurs, risk assessments will be reviewed immediately to take into account the circumstances surrounding the incident to prevent or minimise the risk of a further occurrence.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will:-

- Attend appropriate training sessions if they are deemed to be at risk at work from violence or aggression
- Report any incidents of violent or threatening behaviour to the employer
- After any violent incident, employee's are advised to complete an incident report form regarding the event. This form outlines who has been involved along with details of the situation that lead to the incident occurring
- Co-operate with management arrangements for dealing with violence and aggression at work.

Visit By An Enforcement Officer

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and associated legislation conveys powers on inspectors who are appointed by the relevant enforcing authority, in order that they ensure statutory requirements are being complied with.

Most dealings with those on whom the law places duties (employers, the self employed, employee's and others) are informal - inspectors offer information, advice and support, both face to face and in writing. They may also use formal enforcement mechanisms, as set out in health and safety law, including improvement notices where a contravention needs to be remedied and prohibition notices where there is a risk of serious personal injury, or ultimately prosecution.

Non-compliance can lead to prosecution but this is always seen as the last step in the process, except for: –

- Failure to comply with an Improvement or Prohibition Notice
- Breach of the law that has significant potential for harm, regardless of whether it caused an injury
- Reckless disregard for the health and safety of workers or others
- Repeated breaches of legal requirements where it appears that management is neither willing nor structured to deal adequately with
- Substantial legal contravention, where there has been a serious accident or a case of ill health.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd recognises the importance of co-operation with enforcement officers. For this reason, it is imperative that all relevant documentation associated with our business and work activity is maintained and kept up-to-date. Such documentation includes: –

- This health and safety policy
- All relevant risk assessments
- Induction and training records
- Maintenance, test and inspection records
- Health records
- Emergency plans etc.

Employee's Responsibilities Include

- Not obstructing any reasonable request made by an Enforcement Officer
- Complying and co-operating with requests by the officer
- Follow instruction and guidance given by your employer.

Waste Disposal

Description

This arrangement covers the general waste generated by the Company in the carrying out of workplace activities but not those related to the disposal of waste food by retail premises.

Associated Hazards

- Build up of combustibles presenting a fire hazard
- Health hazard due to possible vermin infestation
- Poor housekeeping presents a tripping hazard.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will: –

- Identify all waste that has the potential to be removed from the premises
- Establish contracts with appropriate waste disposal companies to ensure that waste is removed from the premises safely
- Confirm with the waste disposal companies the specific items which can or cannot be placed in the receptacles provided
- Provide suitable waste collection receptacles dependent upon the waste to be disposed and where relevant label or sign the receptacles to easily identify the disposal of waste
- Ensure that any chemical waste or unknown substances are stored in their original containers until an authorised waste disposal Company can remove them from the company premises
- Maintain any copies of waste transfer notes on site for a minimum of two years for future reference
- Instruct all employee's in the correct disposal of waste and maintain records of instruction and training on file.

Employee's Responsibilities

- To dispose of waste as instructed
- To inform management if an activity produces waste that has not been previously identified or removed from site so that the relevant steps can be taken for safe removal

- Not to climb onto skips or other waste receptacles
- To inform management if waste receptacles are full and need emptying
- Not to remove items from waste receptacles and take or use for personal use.

Welfare

Description

The provision of welfare in the workplace should be taken seriously; it applies to all areas including the common parts of shared buildings, private roads and paths on industrial estates, business parks and temporary worksites.

Welfare provisions will also be provided for those people who are not employee's but may use the premises on an infrequent basis e.g. visitors and contractors.

For disabled persons it may be necessary to specifically make parts of the workplace accessible for their use e.g. toilets, washbasins, doors, passageways etc.

Employer's Responsibilities

We have responsibility to assess and provide, adequate welfare facilities for employee's and other persons using the premises and take account of the general working environment to include:-

- Ventilation
- Indoor temperature and the impact of working in hot and cold environments
- Lighting
- The provision of adequate room and space in which to complete the work activities
- The safe and frequent removal of waste and the cleaning of the workplace
- The provision of suitable workstations and seating for the activity being undertaken.

Assessing the safety requirements of the workplace with regard to: –

- The floors and traffic routes providing suitable standing for vehicles and persons
- The position, integrity and visibility of transparent windows, doors, gates etc
- The safe use and maintenance of lifts and equipment to move persons
- Sanitary conveniences and washing facilities
- The provision of potable drinking water
- Accommodation for clothing and changing facilities
- Providing suitable facilities to rest, drink and eat meals away from sources of contamination.

Employee's Responsibilities

The welfare facilities provided and maintained by FW Solutions Ltd are for the benefit of all employee's and visitors. Employee's have a responsibility to use the facilities in a proper manner and not damage or misuse any equipment that is provided.

Personal responsibility should be taken for clearing your own waste and cleaning any utensils when eating or drinking on the premises. Any damage or defects should be reported immediately to enable attention and repair.

Woodworking Equipment

Description of Activity

Due to the nature of work involving woodworking machines, there is a significant risk of injury or ill health. Woodworking equipment includes, lathes, pedestal drills, routers, guillotines, vertical spindle moulders, circular saws and surface planers etc.

Associated Hazards

- Contact with moving parts
- Ejection of materials
- Sharp objects
- Kickback and snatching
- Noise and vibration
- Dust and other hazardous substances
- Fire and explosion.

Employer's Responsibilities

- Undertake task specific risk assessments for all woodworking activities and implement suitable control measures to protect workers and others in the workplace
- Complete a fire risk assessment to address the hazards presented by the materials and dust produced. Ensure that a risk assessment complying to Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmosphere regulation
- Ensure emergency systems including stop buttons, isolation switches and automatic brakes are incorporated and easily accessible
- Provide operators with information, instruction, training and supervision in the use of the woodworking equipment
- Carry out, at least on a weekly basis, inspections of the equipment including guarding, dust extraction, attachments, stability of equipment etc. Keep records of all inspections and any resulting action necessary
- Undertake regular maintenance of the machinery as determined by assessment and the manufacturer's instructions and keep a maintenance log
- Where local exhaust ventilation (LEV) is used, ensure it is maintained and thoroughly examined at intervals recommended by the suppliers and statute

- Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) including that for hearing, sight, skin and respirable protective equipment (RPE) where required by risk assessment. Ensure operators are trained in its use and maintenance. Face fit testing is undertaken for RPE
- Ensure that the most suitable guards are in use, secured in position, properly adjusted and maintained. Employee's must be trained in the use of the guards
- Where equipment relies on the use of additional safety aids such as push sticks, jigs, workpiece holders, take off tables etc ensure they are available and their safe use is communicated to users of the equipment
- Maintain the working area immediately around machines in a good condition, and free from obstruction
- As identified by the relevant Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) assessments we will provide health surveillance and keep records, for at least forty years.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Take care of themselves and others whilst using woodworking equipment and to also:-
- Follow training, guidance and instruction given, to prevent injury or ill health
- Use all personal protective equipment and other safety related equipment, such as guards, push sticks, jigs, workpiece holders, take off tables etc.
- Check the equipment before and during use for any faults and check that it is correctly adjusted
- Do not remove, loosen or tamper with machine guards
- Do not attempt to access any moving parts or blades without the machine being isolated
- Do not wear loose fitting clothing, jewellery and have hair tied back
- Do not operate hand-fed machinery if nobody else is present in the workshop
- Only undertake work and maintenance activity you have been trained to carry out
- Co-operate with management arrangements for health and safety.

Note: - Employee's are reminded that, if they find any defects, faults, hazardous or dangerous situations with work equipment, then they must: -

- Stop the work safely
- Isolate the equipment
- Report the defect to their supervisor.

Equipment that has been identified as "Unsafe to use" should be labelled as such and taken out of service.

Working at Height

Description

Working at height is considered to be work in any place where there is a risk of falling and causing personal injury, even if it is below ground. In the UK, falls from height account for the largest cause of fatalities and are one of the main causes of major injury.

Associated Hazards

- Falls of persons and materials
- Collapse of work equipment.

Employer's Responsibilities

- Comply with The Work at Height (Amendment) Regulations 2007 and will ensure work is properly planned, supervised and carried out by competent persons
- If work needs to be carried out at height, assess the significant risks
- Ensure all work at height is properly planned, providing safe systems of work including where appropriate, a 'permit to work' system
- Use only trained and competent persons to work at height
- Provide relevant information, instruction and supervision to those persons undertaking the work
- Use the most suitable equipment for working at height by considering the hierarchy of controls for example, guardrails, barriers, scaffolds, working platforms, collective fall arrest equipment (nets), personal protective equipment, harnesses and warning signs
- Ensure that equipment is constructed and used for its intended purpose taking into consideration access and egress, duration and frequency of use, weather, ground conditions, obstructions, vehicular and people movement
- Ensure all equipment is appropriately inspected and maintained by competent persons and reported within the required company and statutory timescales. Keep records of inspections
- Control persons accessing or working on fragile surfaces, if it is unavoidable do all that is reasonably possible to minimise the distance and effect of a fall
- Ensure systems are in place to prevent objects falling or being thrown from height

- Work will be postponed if weather poses a threat to safety
- Plan for emergencies and rescue at height.

Employee's Responsibilities

- Do not access height unless you are suitably trained and competent
- Follow the control measures as detailed in the risk assessments, method statements and where applicable, permits to work. Always use the equipment provided following specific training or instructions in its use
- Wear all personal protective equipment (PPE) that is required by risk assessment and local site rules
- Employee's must never throw anything from height.

Work Equipment

Description

The definition of work equipment is wide and includes machinery, apparatus, equipment, installations and tools. Therefore, items as diverse as tractors, photocopiers, laboratory equipment and apparatus, soldering irons and scalpels are included. Scaffolding, access equipment and safety devices etc. are also considered to be work equipment.

Associated Hazards

- Dangerous/rotating parts of machinery
- Ejection of materials
- Rupture or disintegration
- Fire, overheating or explosion
- Gas, liquid, vapour or hazardous substance
- Excessively hot or cold surfaces
- Failure of safety controls on powered equipment
- Dangers from instability, poor lighting or poor maintenance
- Noise or vibration.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd appreciate that some items of work equipment can pose a significant risk if not used in line with the manufacturer's instructions, are not maintained properly or stored in a correct manner. To control exposure to the hazards presented by use of, cleaning of, or maintenance of work equipment we will: -

- Undertake risk assessments for the equipment that is being used, cleaned or being maintained and issue copies of the assessments to all operatives along with the people who may be adversely affected by the equipment
- Ensure that safe systems of work are implemented
- Ensure that employee's are provided with sufficient information, instruction, training and supervision when using, cleaning or maintaining the equipment. All training will be documented on the employee's personnel file
- Ensure that all necessary safety controls are in place such as guards*, stop buttons, automatic breaks and isolation switches etc. and are secured in position, properly adjusted and working correctly

**** Even if equipment is supplied with guarding, assess its suitability and with advice from guarding specialists, fit additional guarding if required, to prevent access to all dangerous parts of the equipment/machinery***

- Ensure that all work equipment including guarding is maintained by competent people and inspected as required by assessment and the manufacturer's instructions. Records will be kept of all inspections
- Provide personal protective equipment including that for hearing, sight, and breathing protection as required by risk assessment. Ensure employee's are trained in its use and maintenance
- Ensure that work equipment is selected which is suitable, by design, construction or adaptation, for its intended purpose in its particular place of use and is suitable for the process and conditions of use
- Ensure that work equipment is subject to regular inspection and maintenance carried out by persons competent for the work. The complexity and frequency of inspection and maintenance will vary with the type of equipment and its conditions of use. Planned preventative maintenance may be necessary. Wherever possible maintenance will be in accordance with manufacturers' instructions
- Ensure that all pressure systems have an appropriate inspection and maintenance system in place, including, where necessary, a thorough examination, determined through completing a written scheme of examination
- Maintain suitable records of all maintenance and inspections
- Identify and label equipment as "Unsafe to use" or similar and take out of service
- Undertake an assessment of hazardous substances that are used or created by work equipment as required by the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's will: -

- Use work equipment safely and in accordance with the information, instruction and training provided by the employer
- Only use, clean or maintain the equipment that they are trained on
- Visually check and carry out other checks, required by risk assessment, prior to and during use and report any faults and unsafe conditions to the employer
- Take reasonable care of themselves and others who may be affected by their actions

- Co-operate with the employer in the management arrangements for the provision and use of work equipment
- Seek the permission of the employer before bringing any personal items of equipment to work where it is intended that they be used by either themselves or others as part of work activities
- Make full and proper use of any personal protective equipment provided by the employer
- Inform the employer if they are taking any prescription medications that may affect their ability to safely operate any item of work equipment.

Workplace Transport

Description

Workplace transport is any activity involving vehicles used in a workplace. Vehicles driven on public roads are excluded under health and safety law, except where the vehicle is being loaded or unloaded on a public road adjacent to a workplace.

The effective management of workplace transport is crucial as the potential risk is great, especially where pedestrians and vehicles mix. Accidents can occur when vehicles collide with other structures, but the main concern is avoiding contact between pedestrians and vehicles as this accounts for thousands of accidents each year and many fatalities.

To manage the risks from workplace transport effectively, you need to consider three key areas: -

- Safe site (design and activity)
- Safe vehicle
- Safe driver

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that risk assessments and management procedures are in place to keep employee's, visitors and contractors from the hazards associated with the site, vehicles and drivers.

In relation to site safety FW Solutions Ltd will consider: -

- Site design and the segregation of vehicles and pedestrians both externally and internally
- Clearly defined traffic routes, speed limits, lighting and good visibility around the site
- If identified in risk assessment, ensure the issue and supply of Hi-Viz PPE for visitors and employee's.
- If unavoidable, procedures for the management of reversing and signalling
- Safe working procedures and planning for the loading and unloading, coupling and sheeting of vehicles on the site
- Procedures for areas where overturning is identified in risk assessment and manage this risk accordingly.
- Procedures to monitor, supervise and enforce the management of a safe site.

Site safety incorporates loading and unloading procedures, FW Solutions Ltd will consider: -

- Ensure there is a plan for the loading / unloading of vehicles
- Drivers and loaders are trained in loading / unloading procedures
- Loads are always secure, bars, chains and straps are checked and rated correctly for the load, training in load securing / strapping should be undertaken by the driver
- A procedure to manage the premature departure of vehicles from loading bays

In relation to vehicle safety FW Solutions Ltd will ensure: -

- Vehicles used by the company are fit for the purpose and are appropriate for the size of the site
- Vehicles are only used for their intended purpose
- Vehicles are conspicuous to pedestrians by using beacons, bright colours, reversing alarms
- Vehicles are designed and procedure with safety features in mind e.g. low-level access to avoid working at height
- If working at height cannot be avoided, safe systems of work to mitigate the chance of a fall using barriers or edge protection, use work equipment to minimise the distance and consequences of a fall
- Regular vehicle maintenance to keep company vehicles in good working order
- Regular vehicle testing and inspection, both statutory by an external competent engineer and by competent trained end users.
- In relation to driver safety FW Solutions Ltd will consider: -
- Driver competence and training when recruiting and for its existing employee's
- The need for refresher or familiarisation training for drivers
- Training drivers in the safe loading and unloading procedures including the securing of loads
- Driver understanding including foreign nationals
- Driver fitness and abilities and will monitor these attributes and react to change
- Driver consultation when suggesting changes to procedures and practices.
- Providing suitable footwear and PPE as dictated by risk assessment
- FW Solutions Ltd will ensure good housekeeping, regular monitoring and inspections of the workplace and its procedures to ensure a safe working environment.

Employee's Responsibilities Include: -

- Being vigilant and conscious of the presence of pedestrians and other vehicles
- Following instructions from management
- Adhering to signs and procedures relating to direction, speed, parking, reversing, loading and unloading etc
- Reporting to management any defects or faults with the equipment or procedures
- Notifying management of any condition, medical or otherwise, that may have an impact on their entitlement or ability to drive safely
- Wearing any PPE supplied to you by your employer.

Young Persons

Description

Most young people cannot wait to get their first job, be it a paper round, shop work or dog walking. But some young people may be unaware of the hazards the workplace may hold.

There are specific legal requirements and restrictions, on those who employ young people (and even more so, children).

A young person is defined as anyone under 18 years old.

A child is anyone who has not yet reached the official age at which they may leave school, just before or just after their 16th birthday (often referred to as the minimum school leaving age (MSLA)).

Under health and safety law, employers must assess the risks to young people before they start work/work experience and tell them what the risks are.

After leaving school a Young Person must:

- Stay in full time education e.g. college, or
- Start an apprenticeship or traineeship, or
- Spend 20 hours or more per week working or volunteering while in part time education or training.

Associated Hazards

Some young people may be at particular risk because of: -

- Their lack of awareness
- Unfamiliarity with their surroundings
- Being physically or psychologically less suited to certain tasks
- Their lack of skills and training.

Employer's Responsibilities

FW Solutions Ltd will complete a risk assessment specifically relating to the employment of young people before employing them. The risk assessment will give particular consideration to the: -

- Immaturity and inexperience of the young person and any consequential lack of awareness of risks

- Health & safety training to be given to the young person
- Extent of exposure to any chemical, biological or physical agents
- Nature and layout of the work area
- Types of equipment, methods of use and work activities to be undertaken.

Where a Child or Young Person is on work experience, communicate the findings of the risk assessment, together with protective and preventative measures to be taken, to a person having parental responsibility or rights for the child (e.g. parent or guardian, etc.) and to the school/college/training provider where applicable.

If young people were considered in previous risk assessments then there will be no requirement to repeat the process, except as part of the normal review/revision of risk assessments.

In addition, FW Solutions Ltd will ensure that young people are not exposed to risks at work that arise because of their lack of maturity or experience and any consequential lack of awareness of potentially dangerous situations. A young person will not be expected to do any of the following: -

- Work beyond their physical or psychological capabilities
- Perform work which involves harmful exposure to radiation
- Perform work which involves risks to health from noise, vibration or extreme heat or cold
- Perform work which involves harmful exposure to any agents which can chronically affect health, including those with toxic or carcinogenic effects or those causing genetic damage or harm to an unborn child.

FW Solutions Ltd will also: -

- Ensure adequate training and supervision is provided to enable the young person to undertake their job safely
- Provide and train in its use, whatever personal protective equipment is needed to safeguard the employee e.g. ear and eye protection, helmet and footwear etc.
- Introduce health checks if there is a danger of ill health arising from the work.

Employee's Responsibilities

Employee's must: -

- Co-operate with management arrangements for young people in the workplace
- Report any hazards to the employer

- Follow any guidance, information, instruction and training given by the employer.

Young people must: -

- Ask the employer or senior member of employee's if unsure about anything
- Make full and proper use of all PPE that has been issued to them
- Not undertake any tasks unless they have been trained
- Report any hazards or defects to the employer or a senior member of employee's.